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BYLAWS OF THE SUMMIT AT SKI LAKE GATED COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

E#1700394 BK2067 PG1324 DOUG CROFTS, WEBER COUNTY RECORDER 14-APR-00 410PM FEE \$ 71.00 DEP JPM REC FOR: SKI LAKE CORP

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BYLAWS OF

THE SUMMIT AT SKI LAKE

GATED COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

ARTICLE I 20-070-0001 TO 0011

General Plan of Ownership

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<u>Section 1. Name</u>. The name of the corporation is THE SUMMIT AT SKI LAKE GATED COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, hereinafter referred to as "Association". The principal office of the Association shall be located in Weber County, State of Utah.

<u>Section 2. Purpose.</u> The purposes for which the corporation is organized are to own, operate and maintain Common Area properties and facilities, (Common Area) consisting of private roads, gates, utilities, and easements, and property and facilities thereunto appertaining in Weber County, State of Utah, for the use and benefit of the property in The Summit at Ski Lake Gated Community and as expanded (Properties).

The Association shall have the power to enforce the provisions of the Declaration of restrictive covenants relating to the Properties. The Association shall have and exercise any and all powers, rights, and privileges, including delegation of powers as permitted by law, which a corporation organized under the Utah Non-Profit Corporation and Cooperative Association Act by law may now or hereafter have or exercise.

<u>Section 3. Personal Application</u>. All present and future Owners and their tenants, future tenants, employees and any other person that might use the facilities of the Properties in any manner, are subject to the regulations set forth in these Bylaws and in the Declaration of Restrictive Covenants ("the Declaration") recorded or to be recorded in the Office of the Weber County Recorder and applicable to the Properties.

The mere acquisition or rental of any Lot in the Properties or the mere act of occupancy of any Lot in the Properties will signify that these Bylaws are accepted, ratified and will be complied with.

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ARTICLE II

Voting Rights, Majority of Quorum, Quorum, Proxies

<u>Section 1</u>. <u>Voting Rights</u>. Class "A" and Class "B" Membership and voting rights of the Association and Class "B" control shall be as provided in the Declaration and Articles of Incorporation and at Article XIV herein.

<u>Section 2. Majority of Quorum.</u> Unless otherwise provided in these Bylaws or the Declaration, any action which may be taken by the Association may be taken by a majority of a quorum of the voting power of the Members of the Association.

<u>Section 3.</u> <u>Quorum.</u> Except as otherwise provided in these Bylaws, the presence in person or by proxy of at least a majority of the voting power of the total Membership of the Association shall constitute a quorum of the Membership. Members present at a duly called or held meeting at which a quorum is present may continue to do business until adjournment, notwithstanding the withdrawal of enough Members to leave less than a quorum.

<u>Section 4. Proxies.</u> Votes may be cast in person or by proxy. Proxies must be in writing and filed with the Secretary/Treasurer at least twenty-four (24) hours before the appointed time of each meeting. Every proxy shall be revocable and shall automatically cease after completion of the meeting for which the proxy was filed and upon conveyance by the Member of his Lot.

ARTICLE III

Administration

<u>Section 1. Association Responsibilities</u>. The Association shall have the responsibility of administering the Properties, approving the annual budget, establishing and collecting all assessments and the management of the Properties or arranging for the management of the Properties pursuant to an agreement containing provisions relating to the duties, obligations, removal and compensation of the Manager.

<u>Section 2. Place of Meetings of Members.</u> Meetings of the Members shall be held on the Properties or such other suitable place as close thereto as practicable in Weber County, State of Utah, convenient to the Owners as may be designated by the Board of Trustees.

Section 3. Annual Meeting of Members. The first annual meeting of the Members shall

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be held within thirty (30) days after a majority of the escrows for the sale of all of the Lots in the Properties have closed, or within six (6) months after the close of escrow for the sale of the first Lot in the Properties, whichever occurs first. Thereafter, the annual meetings of the Association shall be held on the anniversary date of the first annual meeting; provided, however, that should the anniversary date fall on a legal holiday, then such annual meeting of the Members shall be held on the next day thereafter which is not a legal holiday. At each annual meeting there shall be elected, by ballot of the Members, a Board of Trustees in accordance with the requirements of Section 4 of Article IV of these Bylaws. At the first annual meeting, the Board of Trustees shall be elected to serve until the second annual meeting and at the second annual meeting, a Board of Trustees shall be elected for a term of one (1) year beginning with the second annual meeting. Unless a member of the Board of Trustees resigns before the expiration of his term of office, each trustee shall hold his office until his successor has been elected and the first annual meeting involving such successor is held. The term of office of any trustee elected to fill a vacancy created by the resignation of his predecessor shall be the balance of the unserved term of his predecessor. The Members may also transact such other business of the Association as may properly come before them. Each first mortgagee of a Lot in the Properties may designate a representative to attend all annual meetings of the Members.

<u>Section 4. Special Meetings of Members.</u> Special meetings of the Members may be called at any time by a majority of a quorum of the Board of Trustees or upon a petition signed by Members holding at least fifteen percent (15%) of the voting power of each class of the Members, having been presented to the Secretary/Treasurer. The notice of any special meeting shall state the time and place of such meeting and the purpose thereof. No business shall be transacted at a special meeting except as stated in the notice, unless by consent of those Members holding at least four-fifths (4/5ths) of the voting powers of the Association, either in person or by proxy. Each first mortgagee of a Lot in the Properties may designate a representative to attend all special meetings of the Members.

Section 5. Notice of Meetings of Members. It shall be the duty of the Secretary/Treasurer to mail a notice of each annual or special meeting of Members, stating the purpose thereof as well as the day, hour and place where it is to be held, to each Owner of record and to each first mortgagee of a Lot which has filed a written request for notice with the Secretary/Treasurer, at least ten (10) days but not more than sixty (60) days prior to such meeting. The notice may set forth time limits or speakers and nominating procedures for the meeting. The mailing of a notice, postage prepaid, in the manner provided in this Section shall be considered notice served, after said notice has been deposited in a regular depository of the United States mail. If no address has been furnished to the Secretary/Treasurer, notice shall be deemed to have been given to a Member if posted in a conspicuous place on the Association property.

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Section 6. Adjourned Meetings. If any meeting of Members cannot be organized because a quorum has not attended, the Members who are present, either by person or by proxy, may adjourn the meeting to a time not less than five (5) days nor more than thirty (30) days from the time the original meeting was called, at which meeting the quorum requirement shall be the presence, in person or by proxy, of the Members holding at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the voting power of the Association. Such adjourned meetings may be held without notice thereof as provided in this Article III except that notice shall be given by announcement at the meeting at which such adjournment is taken. If a meeting is adjourned for more than thirty (30) days, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.

Section 7. Order of Business. The order of business at all meetings of the Members shall be as follows: (a) roll call to determine the voting power represented at the meeting; (b) proof of notice of meeting or waiver of notice; (c) reading of minutes of preceding meeting; (d) reports of officers; (e) reports of committees; (f) election of inspector of elections; (g) election of trustees; (h) unfinished business; and (i) new business. Meetings of Members shall be conducted by the officers of the Association in order of their priority.

<u>Section 8</u>. <u>Action Without Meeting</u>. Any action, which under the provision of the Utah Corporation Code, may be taken at a meeting of the Members, may be taken without a meeting if authorized by a writing signed by all of the Members who would be entitled to vote at a meeting for such purpose and filed with the Secretary/Treasurer.

Section 9. Consent of Absentees. The transactions of any meeting of Members, either annual or special, however called and noticed, shall be as valid as though had at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice, if a quorum be present, either in person or by proxy and if, either before or after the meeting, each of the Members not present in person or by proxy, signs a written waiver of notice or a consent to the holding of such meeting or an approval of the minutes thereof. All such waivers, consents, or approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made a part of the minutes of the meeting.

Section 10. Minutes, Presumption of Notice. Minutes or a similar record of the proceedings of meetings of Members, when signed by the President or Secretary/Treasurer, shall be presumed truthfully to evidence the matters set forth therein. A recitation of the minutes of any such meeting that notice of the meeting was properly given shall be prima facia evidence that such notice was given.

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ARTICLE IV Board of Trustees

Section 1. Number and Qualifications. The property, business and affairs of the Association shall be governed and managed by a Board of Trustees composed of three (3) persons, each of whom, except for those appointed by Declarant during the Class B Control Period must be an Owner of a Lot in the Properties. Trustees shall not receive any stated salary for their services as Trustees; provided, however, that: (1) nothing herein contained shall be construed to preclude any Trustees from serving the Association in some other capacity and receiving compensation thereof; and (2) any Trustee may be reimbursed for his actual expenses incurred in the performance of his duties.

<u>Section 2</u>. <u>Powers and Duties</u>, The Board of Trustees has the powers and duties necessary for the administration of the affairs of the Association and may do all such acts and things as are now, by law or by these Bylaws, directed to be exercised and done exclusively by the Owners. Except as provided at Section 3 of this Article relating to Management Agent, the Board of Trustees shall not enter into any service contract for a term in excess of one (1) year without the approval of a majority of Owners.

The Board of Trustees has the powers and duties necessary to adopt such Rules and Regulations as the Board of Trustees may deem necessary for the management of the Properties, which Rules and Regulations shall become effective and binding after: (1) they are adopted by a majority of the Board of Trustees at a meeting called for that purpose, or by the written consent of such number of trustees attached to a copy of the Rules and Regulations of the Association; and (2) they are posted in a conspicuous place at the Properties. During the Class "B" Control Period, such Rules and Regulations shall not materially affect the rights, privileges, or preferences of any Owner as established by the Declaration, the Articles of Incorporation of the Association, and these Bylaws, without the prior written approval of the Utah Commissioner of Real Estate. Such Rules and Regulations may concern, without limitation, use of the Association property, signs, parking restrictions, minimum standards of property maintenance consistent with the Declaration, and the procedures of the Architectural Committee and any other matter within the jurisdiction of the Association as provided in the Declaration; provided, however, that such Rules and Regulations shall be enforceable only to the extent that they are consistent with the Declaration, the Articles of Incorporation, and these Bylaws.

<u>Section 3. Management Agent.</u> The Board of Trustees may contract for the Association, a professional management agent at a compensation established by the Board of Trustees to perform such duties and services as the Board of Trustees shall authorize, including but not

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limited to, the duties listed in Section 2 of this Article IV, provided, however, any such contract shall not exceed three (3) years and may be terminated by either party, without payment of a termination fee, on ninety (90) days or less written notice.

Section 4. Election and Term of Office. At the first annual meeting of the Association, and thereafter at each annual meeting of the Members, new trustees shall be elected, by secret written ballot, by a majority of the Owners as provided in these Bylaws. In the event that an annual meeting is not held or the Board of Trustees is not elected thereat, the Board of Trustees may be elected at a special meeting of the Members held for that purpose. Each trustee shall hold office until his successor has been elected or until his death, resignation, removal or judicial adjudication of mental incompetence. Any person serving as a trustee may be re-elected and there shall be no limitation on the number of terms during which he shall serve. Each Member may accumulate his votes for the election and removal of trustees as provided in this Article IV. At any election of the Board of Trustees, each Member may give one or more candidate for trustee a number of votes equal to the share of the voting power as set forth in the Declaration, multiplied by the number of trustees to be elected.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, whenever: (1) notice is given for an election of trustees of the Board of Trustees; and (2) upon such date, the Members other than Declarant do not have a sufficient percentage of the voting power of the Association to elect at least one trustee through the foregoing cumulative voting procedure, such notice shall also provide for the following special election procedure. Election of one trustee shall be apportioned entirely to the Members other than Declarant. Any person shall be an eligible candidate for the special election upon receipt by the Secretary/Treasurer of a "Declaration of Candidacy", signed by the candidate, at any time prior to the election. Such election shall be by secret ballot unless a majority of the Members other than the Declarant determines otherwise. The person receiving a majority of the votes cast by the Members other than Declarant shall be elected a member of the Board of Trustees in a co-equal capacity with all other trustees. The remaining members of the Board of Trustees shall be elected through the customary cumulative voting procedure outlined above.

Section 5. Vacancies, Vacancies in the Board of Trustees caused by any reason other than the removal of a trustee by a vote of the Members of the Association shall be filled by vote of the majority of the remaining trustees, even though they may constitute less than a quorum; and each person so elected shall be a trustee until a successor is elected at the next annual meeting of the Members of the Association, or at a special meeting of the Members called for that purpose. A vacancy or vacancies shall be deemed to exist in case of death, resignation, removal or judicial adjudication of mental incompetence of any trustee, or in case the Members fail to elect the full number of authorized trustees at any meeting at which such election is to take place.

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Section 6. Removal of Trustees. At any regular or special meeting of the Members duly called, any one or more of the trustees may be removed, with or without cause, by a majority vote of the Members of the Association and a successor may then and there be elected to fill the vacancy thus created. Any trustee whose removal has been proposed by the Members shall be given an opportunity to be heard at the meeting. If more than one trustee is to be removed at any one time, each Member may accumulate his votes and vote for or against such removal of one or more of the trustees in the number of votes equal to his share of the voting power as set forth in the Declaration, multiplied by the number of Trustees sought to be removed. Where the entire Board of Trustees is not removed at one time, no trustee shall be removed if the number of votes cast against his removal exceeds the quotient arrived at when the total number of Members entitled to vote is divided by one plus the authorized number of trustees. If any or all of the trustees are so removed, new trustees may be elected at the same meeting. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any trustee who has been elected to office solely by the votes of Members other than Declarant pursuant to Section 4 of this Article IV may be removed from office prior to the expiration of his term of office, only by the vote of at least a simple majority of the voting power residing in Members other than Declarant.

<u>Section 7. Organization Meeting</u>. The first regular ("organization") meeting of a newly elected Board of Trustees shall be held within ten (10) days of election of the Board of Trustees, at such place as shall be fixed and announced by the trustees at the meeting at which such trustees were elected, for the purpose of organization, election of officers and the transaction of other business. No notice shall be necessary to the newly elected trustees in order to legally constitute such meeting, provided a majority of the whole Board of Trustees shall be present.

<u>Section 8. Other Regular Meetings</u>. Other regular meetings of the Board of Trustees shall be open to the Members and may be held at such time and place within the Properties as shall be determined, from time to time, by a resolution adopted by a majority of a quorum of the <u>trustees</u>; provided, however, that such meeting shall be held not less frequently than quarterly.

Notice of regular meetings of the Board of Trustees shall be given to each trustee, personally or by mail, telephone or telegraph, at least seventy-two (72) hours prior to the date named for such meeting and shall be posted at a prominent place or places within the Properties.

Section 9. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Trustees shall be open to all Members and may be called by the President (of, if he is absent or refuses to act, by the Vice President) or by any two (2) trustees. At least seventy-two (72) hours notice shall be given to each trustee, personally or by mail, telephone or telegraph, which notice shall state the time, place (as hereinabove provided) and the purpose of the meeting and shall be posted at a prominent place or places within the Properties. If served by mail, each such notice shall the semperate P61334

to the address reflected on the records of the Association and shall be deemed given, if not actually received earlier, at 5:00 p.m. on the second day after it is deposited in a regular depository of the United States mail as provided herein. Whenever any trustee has been absent from any special meeting of the Board of Trustees, an entry in the minutes to the effect that notice has been duly given shall be conclusive and incontrovertible evidence that due notice of such meeting was given to such trustee, as required by law and as provided herein.

Section 10. Waiver of Notice. Before or at any meeting of the Board of Trustees, any trustee may, in writing, waive notice of such meeting and such waiver shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice. Attendance by a trustee at any meeting of the Board of Trustees shall be a waiver of notice by him of the time and place thereof. If all trustees are present at any meeting of the Board of Trustees, no notice shall be required and any business may be transacted at such meeting. The transactions of any meeting of the Board of Trustees, however called and noticed or wherever held after regular call and notice, of a quorum be present, and if, either before or after the meeting each of the trustees not present signs such a written waiver of the notice, a consent to holding such meeting or an approval of the minutes thereof. All such waivers, consents and approvals shall be filed with the records of the Association or made a part of the minutes of the meeting.

<u>Section 11.</u> <u>Quorum and Adjournment</u>. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, at all meetings of the Board of Trustees, a majority of the trustees shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business and the acts of the majority of the trustees present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the acts of the Board of Trustees. If, at any meeting of the Board of Trustees there is less than a quorum present, the majority of those present may adjourn the meeting, from time to time. At any such adjourned meeting, any business which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally called may be transacted without further notice.

<u>Section 12. Action Without Meeting</u>. The trustees shall have the right to take any action, in the absence of a meeting, which they could take at a meeting by obtaining the vote or written consent of all of the trustees. Any action so approved shall have the same effect as though taken at a meeting of the Board of Trustees.

<u>Section 13. Fidelity Bonds.</u> The Board of Trustees may require that all officers and employees of the Association handling or responsible for Association funds shall furnish adequate fidelity bonds. The premiums on such bonds shall be paid by the Association.

Section 14. Committees. The Board of Trustees, by resolution may, from time to time, designate such committees as it shall desire and may establish the purposes and powers of each such committee created. The resolution designating and establishing the committee shall provide E#1700394 BK2067 P61335

for the appointment of its members, as well as a chairman; shall state the purposes of the committee and shall provide for reports, termination and other administrative matters as deemed appropriate by the Board of Trustees.

ARTICLE V

Officers

<u>Section 1.</u> <u>Designation.</u> The principal officers of the Association shall be a President, a Vice President and a Secretary/Treasurer, all of whom shall be members of the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees may appoint an Assistant Secretary/Treasurer, and such other officers as, in their judgment, may be necessary.

Section 2. Election of Officers. Upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the entire Board of Trustees, any officer may be removed, either with or without cause, and his successor elected at any regular meeting of the Board of Trustees, or at any special meeting of the Board of Trustees called for such purpose. Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board of Trustees or the President or Secretary/Treasurer of the Association. Any such resignation shall take effect at the date of receipt of such notice or at any later time specified therein; and unless otherwise specified in said notice, acceptance of such resignation by the Board of Trustees shall not be necessary to make it effective.

Section 3. Removal of Officers. Upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the entire Board of Trustees, any officer may be removed, either with or without cause, and his successor elected at any regular meeting of the Board of Trustees or at any special meeting of the Board of Trustees called for such purpose. Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board of Trustees or to the President or Secretary/Treasurer of the Association. Any such resignation shall take effect at the date of receipt of such notice or at any later time specified therein; and unless otherwise specified in said notice, acceptance of such resignation by the Board of Trustees shall not be necessary to make it effective.

<u>Section 4. Compensation.</u> Officers, agents and employees shall receive such reasonable compensation for their services as may be authorized or ratified by the Board of <u>Trustees.</u> Appointment of any officer, agent or employee shall not, of itself, create contractual rights of compensation for services performed by such officer, agent or employee, provided that no officer, employee or trustee of Declarant or any affiliate of Declarant may receive any compensation.

Section 5, President. The President shall be a member of the Board of Trustees and shall po 1336

be the chief executive officer of the Association. He shall preside at all meetings of the Association and of the Board of Trustees. He shall have all of the general powers and duties which are usually vested in the office of the President of a corporation, including but not limited to the power, subject to the provisions of Article IV, Section 14, to appoint committees from among the Members from time to time as he may, in his discretion, decide is appropriate, to assist in the conduct of the affairs of the Association. The President shall, subject to the control of the Board of Trustees, have general supervision, direction and control of the business of the Association. The President shall be, ex officio, a member of all standing committees and he shall have such other powers and duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Trustees or these Bylaws.

<u>Section 6. Vice President.</u> The Vice President shall be a member of the Board of <u>Trustees</u> and shall take the place of the President and perform his duties whenever the President shall be absent, disabled, refuses or is unable to act. If neither the President nor the Vice President <u>are able</u> to act, the Board of Trustees shall appoint some other member of the Board of Trustees to do so on an interim basis. The Vice President shall also perform such other duties as shall, from time to time, be imposed upon him by the Board of Trustees or these Bylaws or the Articles of Incorporation of the Association.

Section 7. Secretary/Treasurer. The office of the Secretary/Treasurer shall be held by one person who shall be a member of the Board of Trustees. The Secretary/Treasurer shall keep the minutes of all meetings of the Board of Trustees and the minutes of all meetings of the Association at the principal office of the Association, or at such other place as the Board of Trustees may order. The Secretary/Treasurer shall keep the seal of the Association in safe custody and shall have charge of such books and papers as the Board of Trustees may direct; and the Secretary/Treasurer shall, in general, perform all of the duties incident to the office of Secretary/Treasurer. The Secretary/Treasurer shall give, or cause to be given, notices of meetings of the Members of the Association and of the Board of Trustees required by these Bylaws or by law to be given. The Secretary/Treasurer shall maintain a book of record Owners listing the names and addresses of the Owners as furnished the Association, and such books shall be changed only at such time as satisfactory evidence of a change in ownership of a Lot is presented to the Secretary/Treasurer. The Secretary/Treasurer shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Trustees.

The Secretary/Treasurer shall have responsibility for Association funds and securities and shall be responsible for keeping or causing to be kept full and accurate accounts, tax records and business transactions of the Association, including accounts of all assets, liabilities, receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the Association. The Secretary/Treasurer shall be responsible for the deposit of all monies and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the Association in such depositories as may, from time to time, be designated by the Real 337

Trustees. The Secretary/Treasurer shall co-sign all checks and promissory notes on behalf of the Association as may be ordered by the Board of Trustees, in accordance with the Declaration; shall render to the President and Board of Trustees, upon request, an account of all of his transactions as Secretary/Treasurer and of the financial condition of the Association and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Trustees or by these Bylaws.

ARTICLE VI

Obligations of Owners

<u>Section 1.</u> <u>Lot Owner Expenses.</u> All Owners shall timely and directly pay the Lot Owners Expenses.

Section 2. Assessments.

- (a) All Owners are obligated to pay, in accordance with the provisions of the Declaration, all assessments imposed by the Association, to meet all expenses of the Association.
- (b) All delinquent assessments shall be enforced, collected or foreclosed in the manner provided in the Declaration.
- (c) Assessments as to any Owner of a Lot shall commence to run when the residential structure thereon is substantially complete and ready for occupancy.

<u>Section 3.</u> <u>Reimbursement for Repair or Replacement.</u> Each Owner shall reimburse the Association for any expenditures incurred in repairing or replacing any portion of the property owned by the Association. Such expenditures shall include all court costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in enforcing any provision of these Bylaws or the Declaration.

ARTICLE VII

Amendment to Bylaws

These Bylaws, the Articles of Incorporation and the Declaration, may be amended by the Association in a duly constituted meeting of the Members for such purpose. No amendment to these Bylaws shall take effect unless approved by at least a majority of a quorum of Members

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present, in person or by proxy, at a duly constituted regular or special meeting of the Members; provided, however, that these Bylaws may be amended by a majority of the entire Board of Trustees at any time prior to the sale of the first Lot to a purchaser from Declarant. The prior written approval of each institutional holder of a first deed of trust or lien of record made in good faith and for value on a Lot in the Properties must be secured before any material amendment to these Bylaws may take effect, and this sentence may not be amended without such prior written approval. The term "institutional holder" as used herein shall mean a mortgagee which is a bank or savings and loan association or established mortgage company or other entity chartered under federal or state laws, any corporation or insurance company, or any federal or state agency. If any loan on a Lot in the Properties is insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA), or the Veterans Administration (VA) or if the FHA or VA has committed to insure or guarantee loans on Lots in the Properties, the FHA or the VA shall have the right to veto amendments for so long as there exists a Class B Membership, provided, however, that neither the Declaration, Articles of Incorporation nor Bylaws will be amended in such a manner that the rights of any first mortgagee will be adversely affected.

ARTICLE VIII

Mortgages

<u>Section 1.</u> Notice to the Association. An Owner who mortgages his Lot shall notify the Association, through the Manager or the Secretary/Treasurer of the Board of Trustees in the event there is no Manager, of the name and address of his mortgagee; and the Association shall maintain such information in a book entitled "Mortgagees of Lots." Any such Owner shall likewise notify the Association as to the release or discharge of any such mortgage.

<u>Section 2. Notice of Unpaid Assessments</u>. The Board of Trustees of the Association shall, at the request of a mortgagee of a Lot, report any unpaid assessments due from the Owner of such Lot, in accordance with the provisions of the Declaration.

ARTICLE IX

Meaning of Terms

All terms appearing herein initially capitalized shall have the same meanings as are applied to such terms in the Declaration, which terms include, without limitation, "Declarant," "the Properties," "Manager," "Owner," "Lot Owner Expenses," "Board of Trustees," "Architectural Committee," "Subdivision," "Improvement," "Lot," "Articles of Incorporation," P61 339

"Member," "Mortgage," "Mortgagee," "Assessments," "Special Assessments," "Capital Improvement Assessments," and "Reconstruction Assessments."

ARTICLE X

Conflicting Provisions

In case any of these Bylaws conflict with any provision of the laws of the State of Utah, such conflicting Bylaw shall be null and void upon final court determination to such effect, but all other Bylaws shall remain in full force and effect. In case of any conflict between the Articles of Incorporation and these Bylaws, the Articles of Incorporation shall control; and in the case of any conflict between the Declaration and these Bylaws, the Declaration shall control.

ARTICLE XI

Indemnification of Trustees and Officers

Except to the extent that such liability or damage or injury is covered by insurance proceeds, the Board of Trustees may authorize the Association to pay expenses incurred by or to satisfy a judgment or fine rendered or levied against, a present or former trustee, officer, committee member or employee of the Association in an action brought by a third party against such person, whether or not the Association is joined as a party defendant, to impose a liability or penalty on such person for the act alleged to have been committed by such person while a trustee, officer, committee member or employee; provided, however, the Board of Trustees determines, in good faith, that such trustee, officer, committee member or employee was acting in good faith within what he reasonably believed to be the scope of his employment or authority and for a purpose which he reasonably believed to be in the best interests of the Association or its Members. Payments authorized hereunder include amounts paid and expenses incurred in settling any such action or threatened action. The provisions of this section shall apply to the estate, executor, administrator, heirs, legatees or devisees of a trustee, officer, committee member or employee, and the term "person" where used in the foregoing section, shall include the estate, executor, administrator, heirs and legatees or devisees of such person.

ARTICLE XII

Miscellaneous

Section 1. Execution of Documents. The Board of Trustees, except as in these Bylaws

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otherwise provided, may authorize any officer or officers, agent or agents, to enter into any contract or execute any instrument in the name and on behalf of the Association and such authority may be general or confined to specific instances; and unless so authorized by the Board of Trustees, no officer, agent, committee member or employee shall have any power or authority to bind the Association by any contract or engagement or pledge its credit or to render it liable for any purpose or in any amount.

<u>Section 2</u>. <u>Inspection of Bylaws</u>. The Association shall keep, in its office for the transaction of business, the original or a copy of these Bylaws as amended or otherwise altered to date, certified by the Secretary/Treasurer, which shall be open to inspection by the Owners and all first mortgagees at all reasonable times during business hours.

<u>Section 3</u>. <u>Fiscal Year</u>. The fiscal year of the Association shall be determined by the <u>Board</u> of Trustees and having been so determined, is subject to change from time to time as the <u>Board</u> of Trustees shall determine.

<u>Section 4. Membership Book.</u> The Association shall keep and maintain, in its office for the transaction of business, a book containing the name and address of each Member. Termination or transfer of ownership of any Lot and certificate of membership by an Owner shall be recorded in the book, together with the date on which such ownership was transferred, in accordance with the provisions of the Declaration.

ARTICLE XIII

Notice and Hearing Procedure

Section 1. Suspension of Privileges. In the event of an alleged violation of the Declaration, these Bylaws or the Rules and Regulations of the Properties adopted hereunder, and after written notice of such alleged violation is given to the Owner or to anyone in his family alleged to be in default in the manner herein provided, the Board of Trustees shall have the right, after the alleged violator has been given an opportunity for an appropriate hearing as hereinafter provided, and upon an affirmative vote of a majority of all members of the Board of Trustees, to suspend or condition said Owner and his family's right to the use of the Common Property. Any such suspension shall be for a period of not more than thirty (30) days for any non-continuing infraction, but in the case of a continuing infraction (including non-payment of any assessment after the same has become delinquent), suspension may be imposed for so long as the violation continues. The failure of the Board of Trustees to enforce the Rules and Regulations of the Properties, these Bylaws or the Declaration, shall not constitute a waive of the Balt the agent of P61 34 1

the same thereafter. The remedies set forth above and otherwise provided by these Bylaws or by law shall be cumulative and none shall be exclusive. However, any individual Member must exhaust all available internal remedies of the Association prescribed by these Bylaws, or by the Rules and Regulations adopted by the Association, before the Owner may resort to a court of law for relief with respect to any alleged violation by another Member of any provision of the Declaration, these Bylaws or the Rules and Regulations. The foregoing limitation pertaining to exhausting administrative remedies shall not necessarily apply to the Board of Trustees onto any Member where the complaint alleges non-payment of Assessments, Capital Improvement Assessments or Reconstructive Assessments.

Section 2. Written Complaint. A hearing to determine whether a right or privilege of an Owner or any of his family ("Respondent") under the Declaration or these Bylaws should be suspended or conditioned, shall be initiated by the filing of a written complaint by any Owner or by any officer or member of the Board of Trustees with the President of the Association or other presiding member of the Board of Trustees. The complaint shall constitute a written statement of charges which shall set forth, in ordinary and concise language, the acts or omissions with which the Respondent is charged, to the end that the Respondent will be able to prepare his defense. The complaint shall specify the specific provisions of the Declaration, these Bylaws or the Rules and Regulations of the Properties which the Respondent is alleged to have violated, but shall not consist merely of charges phrased in the language of such provision without supporting facts.

Section 3. Service of Complaint. Upon the filing of a complaint, the President shall serve a copy thereof on the Respondent by any of the following means: Service shall be by: (a) given personally; (b) sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested and addressed to the Respondent at the address appearing on the books of the Association; or (c) posted on the Lot and in a conspicuous place on the Properties and in the office of the Association. Service by mailing or posting shall be deemed delivered and effective two (2) days after such posting and mailing in a regular depository of the United States mail. The complaint shall be accompanied with a postcard or other written form entitled "Notice of Defense" which, when signed by the Respondent or on behalf of the Respondent, will constitute a notice of defense hereunder. The copy of the complaint shall be accompanied by: (a) a statement that the Respondent may request a hearing before a Tribunal, in a form substantially as provided in Article XIII, Section 4; and (b) a copy of Article XIII of these Bylaws. No order adversely affecting the rights of the Respondent shall be made in any case, unless the Respondent shall have been served as provided herein.

<u>Section 4.</u> <u>Statement to Respondent.</u> The statement accompanying the complaint to the Respondent shall be substantially in the following form:

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Section 5. Notice of Defense. The Notice of Defense shall state that the Respondent may:

of the Board of Trustees, you may contact the Chairman of the

- (a) Request a hearing before a Tribunal as hereinafter provided;
- (b) Object to a complaint upon the grounds that it does not state acts or omissions upon which the Board of Trustees may proceed;
- (c) Object to the form of the complaint on the grounds that it is so indefinite or uncertain that the Respondent cannot identify the violating behavior or prepare his defense; or
- (d) Admit to the complaint in whole or in part.

Board of Trustees."

The Respondent shall be entitled to a hearing on the merits of the matter if the Notice of Defense is timely filed with the Board of Trustees. The Respondent may file a separate statement by way of mitigation, even if he does not file a Notice of Defense. Any objection to the form or substance of the complaint shall be considered by the Tribunal within ten (10) days after receipt. The Tribunal shall make its determination and notify all parties within said ten (10) day period. If the complaint is insufficient, the complaining party shall have seven (7) days within which to amend the complaint to make it sufficient. The same procedure as set forth above shall be followed with respect to any amended or supplemental complaint. If it is determined by the Tribunal that the complaint is still insufficient, then the matter shall be dismissed by the Rational. P61.343

Section 6. Amended or Supplemental Complaint before Submission to Tribunal. At any time before the matter is submitted to the Tribunal for its findings of fact and recommendations, the Board of Trustees may file or permit the filing of an amended or supplemental complaint. All parties shall be notified thereof in the manner herein provided. If the amended or supplemental complaint presents new charges, the Board of Trustees shall afford the Respondent a reasonable opportunity to prepare his defense thereto. All new charges shall be deemed controverted and any objection to the amended or supplemental complaint may be made orally and shall be noted in the record of proceedings.

Section 7. Discovery. After initiation of a proceeding in which the Respondent is entitled to a hearing on the merits, the Respondent and the individual filing the complaint or supplemental complaint, upon written request made to the other party, prior to the hearing and within fifteen (15) days after service by the Board of Trustees of the complaint or within ten (10) days after service of any amended or supplemental complaint, is entitled to: (1) obtain the names and addresses of witnesses to the extent known to the other party; and (2) inspect and make a copy of any statements, writings and/or investigative reports relevant to the subject matter of the hearing. Nothing in this section, however, shall authorize the inspection or disclosure by law or otherwise made confidential or protected as the attorney's work product. Any party claiming his request for discovery has not been complied with shall submit a petition to compel discovery with the Tribunal appointed by the President. The Tribunal shall make a determination and issue a written order setting forth the matters or parts thereof which the petitioner is entitled to discover.

Section 8. Tribunal. The President shall appoint a Tribunal of three (3) Owners_upon receipt of a written complaint as provided in Section 2 of this Article. No member of the Tribunal shall be a trustee of the Association nor shall any member of the Tribunal be involved in any prior investigation of the matter on behalf of the Board of Trustees nor related by blood or marriage to either the complaining party or the Respondent. In appointing the members of the Tribunal, the President should make a good faith effort to avoid appointing next door neighbors of the Respondent or any Owner who are witnesses to the alleged violation giving rise to the complaint. The decision of the President shall be final, except that the Respondent may challenge any member of the Tribunal for cause, where a fair and impartial hearing cannot be afforded, at any time prior to the taking of evidence at the hearing. In the event of such a challenge, the Board of Trustees shall meet to determine the sufficiency of the challenge, without the President voting. If such challenge is sustained, the President shall appoint another Owner to replace the challenged member of the Tribunal. All decisions of the Board of Trustees in this regard shall be final. The Tribunal shall elect a chairman, appoint a hearing officer who shall be legally trained, and appoint a recorder to present evidence and to ensure that a proper record of all proceedings is maintained by the qualified reporter. The chairman shall preside at the meeting but the hearing officer shall rule on the admission and exclusion of evidence and shall advise the agency ஒரு அருச்சாகு அட்டு சுர பக்க The Tribunal shall exercise all other powers relating to the conduct of the hearing.

<u>Section 9. Notice of Hearing.</u> The Tribunal shall serve a Notice of Hearing, as provided herein, on all parties at least ten (10) days prior to the hearing, if such hearing is requested by the Respondent. The hearing shall be held no sooner than thirty (30) days after the service of the complaint as provided in Section 3 of this Article XIII. The notice to the Respondent shall be substantially in the following form but may include other information:

"You are hereby notified that a hearing will be held before a					
Tribunal appointed by the President of the Association at					
on the					
day of, at the hour of					
upon the charges made in the complaint served					
upon you. You may be present at the hearing; may, but need not be					
represented by counsel; may present any relevant evidence and					
will be given full opportunity to cross-examine all witnesses					
testifying against you. You are entitled to compel the attendance					
of witnesses and the production of books, documents or other					
items by applying to the Board of Trustees of the Association."					

<u>Section 10. Depositions and Written Interrogatories</u>. On verified petition of any party, the Board of Trustees, upon recommendation by the Tribunal, may order that the testimony of any material witness residing within the Properties be taken by deposition in the manner prescribed by law for depositions and written interrogatories in civil actions. The petition shall set forth the nature of the pending proceeding, the name and address of the witness whose testimony is desired, a showing of the materiality of his testimony, a showing that the witness will be unable to attend and shall request an order requiring the witness to appear and testify before the Secretary/Treasurer of the Association.

Section 11. Affidavits.

At any time ten (10) days, or more prior to a hearing or a continued hearing, any party may mail or deliver to the opposing party a copy of any affidavit which he proposes to introduce in evidence, together with a notice as provided in subsection (b). Unless the opposing party, within seven (7) days after such mailing or delivery, mails or delivers to the proponent a request to cross-examine an affiant, his right to cross-examine such affiant is waived and the affidavit, if introduced in evidence, shall be given the same effect as if the affiant had testified orally. If an opportunity to cross-examine an affiant is not afforded after 1345

(b)	The notice referred to in subsection (a) above shall be substantially the <u>form</u> as follows:				
	"The accompanying Affidavit of will be introduced as evidence at the hearing in the matter of before a Tribunal of the Association. will not be called to testify orally and you				
	will not be entitled to question him/her unless you notify that you wish to cross-examine him/her. To be effective, your request must be mailed or delivered to on or before				
<u>Sectio</u>	n 12. Hearing.				
(a)	Whenever the Tribunal has commenced to hear the matter and a member of the Tribunal is forced to withdraw prior to a final determination by the Tribunal, the remaining members shall continue to hear the case and the hearing officer shall replace the withdrawing member. Oral evidence will be taken only on oath or affirmation administered by an officer of the Association. The use of affidavits and written interrogatories in lieu of oral testimony shall be encouraged by the Tribunal.				
(b)	The hearing need not be conducted according to technical rules relating to evidence and witnesses. Any relevant evidence shall be admitted if it is the sort of evidence on which responsible persons are accustomed to rely in the conduct of serious affairs, regardless of the existence of any common law or statutory rule which might make improper the admission of such evidence over objection in civil actions. Hearsay evidence may be used for the purpose of supplementing or explaining other evidence, but shall not be sufficient in itself to support a finding, unless it would be admissible over objection in civil matters. The rules of privilege shall be effective to the extent that they are otherwise required by statute to be recognized at the hearing and irrelevant and unduly repetitious evidence shall be excluded.				
(c)	Each party shall have these rights: (1) to call and examine witnesses; (2) to introduce exhibits; (3) to cross-examine opposing witnesses on any matter E#1700374 BK2067 P61346				

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is made as herein provided, the affidavit may be introduced in evidence but shall be given only the same effect as other hearsay evidence.

relevant to the issues even though the matter was not covered in the <u>direct</u> examination; (4) to impeach and to rebut the evidence against him. If Respondent does not testify in his own behalf, he may be called and examined as if <u>under cross-examination</u>.

(d) Neither the accusing Owner nor the allegedly defaulting Owner must be in attendance at the hearing. The hearing shall be open to attendance by all Owners. In rendering a decision, official notice may be taken at any time of any generally accepted matter within the Declaration, these Bylaws, the Rules and Regulations of the Properties, or the workings of the Association. Parties present at the hearing shall be informed of the matters to be noticed by the Tribunal and these matters shall be made a part of the record of proceedings. The Tribunal may grant continuances on a showing of good cause.

Section 13. Decision. The hearing officer who was in attendance at the hearing, if any, shall assist and advise the Tribunal in making its decision. If the Respondent fails to file a Notice of Defense as provided in Section 5 of Article XIII, or fails to appear at a hearing, the Tribunal may take action based on the evidence presented to it without notice to the Respondent. However, the Respondent may make any showing by way of mitigation. The Tribunal shall make its determination, only in accordance with the evidence presented to it and in accordance with these Bylaws. After all testimony and documentary evidence has been presented to the Tribunal committee, the Tribunal committee shall vote, by secret written ballot, upon the matter, with a majority of the entire Tribunal committee controlling. A copy of the findings and recommendations of the Tribunal shall be posted by the Board of Trustees at a conspicuous place on the Properties and a copy shall be served by the President on each party in the matter and his attorney, if any. Disciplinary action under the Declaration, these Bylaws or the Rules and Regulations of the Properties shall be imposed only by the Board of Trustees and in accordance with the findings and recommendations of the Tribunal in their entirety, or the Board of Trustees may reduce the proposed penalty and adopt the balance of the recommendations. In no event shall the Board of Trustees impose more stringent disciplinary action than recommended by the Tribunal. The decision of the Board of Trustees shall be in writing and shall be served and posted in the same manner as the findings and recommendations of the Tribunal. The decision of the Board of Trustees shall become effective ten (10) days after it is served upon the Respondent, unless otherwise ordered in writing by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees may order a reconsideration, at any time within fifteen (15) days following service of its decision on the parties, on its own motion or on petition by any party.

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ARTICLE XIV

Membership in the Association and Voting

Every Owner shall be deemed to have a membership in the Association.

No Owner, whether one (1) or more Persons, shall have more than one (1) membership per Lot owned. In the event the Owner of a Lot is more than one (1) Person, votes and rights of use and enjoyment shall be as provided herein. The rights and privileges of membership may be exercised by a Member or the Member's spouse, subject to the provisions of this Article and the Bylaws. The membership rights of a Lot owned by a corporation, partnership, or other legal entity shall be exercised by the individual designated from time to time by the Owner in a written instrument provided to the Secretary, subject to the provisions of this Article and the Bylaws.

The Association shall have two (2) classes of membership, Class "A" and Class "B", as follows:

(a) <u>Class "A"</u>. <u>Class "A"</u> Members shall be all Owners with the exception of <u>Class "B"</u> Members, if any.

Class "A" Members shall be entitled to one (1) equal vote for each Lot in which they hold the interest required for membership. There shall be only one (1) vote per Lot.

In any situation where a Member is entitled personally to exercise the vote for his Lot and more than one (1) Person holds the interest in such Lot required for membership, the vote for such Lot shall be exercised as those Persons determine among themselves and advise the Secretary of the Association, in writing, prior to any meeting. In the absence of such advice, the Lot's vote shall be suspended if more than one (1) Person seeks to exercise it.

(b) <u>Class "B"</u>. The Class "B" Member shall be Declarant. The Class "B" Member shall have two (2) votes for each Class A member vote and shall be entitled to appoint a majority of the members of the Board of Trustees during the Class "B" Control Period.

The Class "B" Member Control Period is until the first to occur of the following:

(i) When fifty percent (50%) of the Lots permitted by the Preliminary Plan for the property described at paragraph A of the Recitals and at Article XXI, Expansion, of the Declaration have certificates of occupancy is under the property of the Preliminary Plan for the property described at paragraph A of the Recitals and at Article XXI, Expansion, of the Declaration have certificates of occupancy is under the property described at paragraph A of the Recitals and at Article XXI, Expansion, of the Declaration have certificates of occupancy is under the property described at paragraph A of the Recitals and at Article XXII, Expansion, of the Declaration have certificates of occupancy is under the property described at paragraph A of the Recitals and at Article XXII, Expansion, of the Declaration have certificates of occupancy is under the property described at paragraph A of the Recitals and at Article XXII, Expansion, of the Declaration have certificates of occupancy is under the property described at the property described at the property of the Declaration have certificates of occupancy is under the property of the Declaration have certificates of occupancy is under the property of the Declaration have certificated by the Declaration of the Declaration have certificated by the Declaration have been declared by the Declaration have been declar

thereon and have been conveyed to Persons other than Declarant or builders holding title solely for purposes of development and sale:

(ii March 1, 2007: or

(iii When, at is discretion, the Class "B" Member so determines

SKI LAKE CORPORATION, a, Utah Corporation

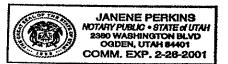
Ronald J. Catanzaro, President

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STATE OF UTAH)	
COUNTY OF WEBER	:ss.)	
On the \4	day of (h o i O	. 2000, personally appeare

On the \(\frac{1}{4} \) day of \(\frac{1}{1} \) \(\frac{1}{1} \) 2000, personally appeared before me RONALD J. CATANZARO, who being by me duly sworn did say that he is the President of SKI LAKE CORPORATION, a Utah corporation, and that the within and foregoing instrument was signed in behalf of said corporation by authority of a resolution of its Board of Directors, and RONALD J. CATANZARO duly acknowledged to me that said corporation executed the same.

NOTAR' PUBLIC



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