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Rashelle Hobbs, Recorder, Salt Lake County, Utah
Return To: FIGURE LENDING LLC
650 S. TRYON STREET CHARLOTTE, NC 28202

Prepared By: Johana Helena Farrar, MLO
Figure Lending LLC
650 S. Tryon Street, 8th floor
Charlotte, NC 28202

After Recording Return To:

Figure Lending LLC
Attn: Austin Fisher
100 West Liberty Street, Suite 600,
Reno, NV 89501
(contact telephone number 1-888-527-1950)

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Loan Id: 1-23312-1339
Date: 11/18/2023

**OPEN-END DEED OF TRUST
(Securing Future Advances)**
THIS DEED OF TRUST SECURES FUTURE ADVANCES MADE
PURSUANT TO A REVOLVING CREDIT AGREEMENT

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT SECURES A CREDIT AGREEMENT THAT PROVIDES FOR THE RIGHT TO REPAY AND REBORROW ON A REVOLVING BASIS. THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT TO BE ADVANCED PURSUANT TO THE REVOLVING CREDIT AGREEMENT IS \$104,990.00 AND, ACCORDINGLY, LOANS AND ADVANCES UP TO THIS AMOUNT (TOGETHER WITH INTEREST AND FEES) SHALL BE VALID AND HAVE PRIORITY OVER ALL INTERESTS, LIENS AND ENCUMBRANCES RECORDED OR OTHERWISE ATTACHING SUBSEQUENT TO THE DATE HEREOF.

This Security Instrument secures a revolving credit loan and shall secure not only presently existing indebtedness under the Credit Agreement, but also future advances, whether those advances are obligatory or to be made at Lender's option, or otherwise, to the same extent as if any such future advances were made on the date of the execution of this Security Instrument, although there may be no advances made at the time of the execution of this Security Instrument, and although there may be no indebtedness outstanding at the time any advance is made. The lien of this Security Instrument will be valid as to all indebtedness secured by this Security Instrument, including future advances, from the time of its filing for record in the recorder's office of the county in which the Property is located. The total amount of indebtedness secured by this Security Instrument may increase or decrease from time to time, as provided in the Credit Agreement, and any advances or disbursements which Lender may make pursuant to the terms of this Security Instrument, the Credit Agreement, or any other related document (including, but not limited to, for payment of taxes, special assessments, insurance premiums or other advances to protect Lender's liens and security interests on the Property) shall be additional indebtedness secured hereby. Except for any deed of trust, mortgage or other voluntary security instrument that is

senior in lien priority to this Security Instrument as of the date hereof, this Security Instrument will be valid and have priority over all subsequent liens and encumbrances, including statutory liens, except taxes and assessments levied on the Property not yet due and payable, to the extent of the maximum amount secured hereby.

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined elsewhere in this document. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 14.

Parties and Documents

"Borrower" is Kristina Butterfield. The Borrower's address is 13072 S PADSTOW LN HERRIMAN, UT 84096. Borrower is the trustor under this Security Instrument.

"Co-Grantor" means any Borrower who signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Credit Agreement.

"Credit Agreement" refers to the Figure Home Equity Line of Credit Agreement dated 11/17/2023 and signed by each Borrower who is legally obligated for the debt under that Credit Agreement, that is in either: (i) paper form, using Borrower's written pen and ink signature, or (ii) electronic form, using Borrower's adopted Electronic Signature in accordance with the UETA or E-SIGN, as applicable. The Credit Agreement evidences and establishes a revolving line of credit, which obligates Lender to make advances to Borrower so long as Borrower complies with all of the terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement. Such advances may be made, repaid and remade from time to time, subject to the limitation that the total principal balance at any one time that Borrower owes Lender shall not exceed an amount equal to one hundred four thousand nine hundred ninety and 00/100 Dollars (U.S. \$104,990.00) plus interest and any disbursements made by Lender to protect the security of this Security Instrument (as described in Sections 4(b) and 7(c) below). Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than 12/18/2038 (15) years after the original loan advance made to Borrower or for Borrower's benefit pursuant to the Credit Agreement, or on such later date as may be permitted in writing, or at such earlier date in the event such indebtedness is accelerated in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement and/or this Security Instrument.

"Lender" is Figure Lending LLC. Figure Lending LLC is a limited liability company which is organized and existing under the laws of Delaware. Lender's address is 650 S. Tryon Street, 8th floor, Charlotte, NC 28202. The term "Lender" includes any successors and assigns of Lender. Lender is the beneficiary under this Security Instrument.

"Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated 11/17/2023, together with all Riders to this document.

"Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are signed by Borrower. All such Riders are incorporated into and deemed to be a part of this Security Instrument. The following Riders are to be signed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Condominium Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> 2-4 Family Rider |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Planned Unit Development Rider | <input type="checkbox"/> Second Home Rider |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other(s) [specify] _____ | |

"Trustee" is Halliday Watkins and Mann, PC, 376 E 400 S #300, Salt Lake City, UT 84111. The term "Trustee" includes any substitute/successor Trustee.

Additional Definitions

1 **"Applicable Law"** means all controlling applicable federal law and, to the extent not preempted by federal law, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

2 **“Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments”** means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners’ association or similar organization.

3 **“Default”** means: (i) the failure to pay any Periodic Payment or any other amount required by the Credit Agreement or this Security Instrument when it is due; (ii) Lender discovers that a Borrower has committed fraud or made a material misrepresentation in connection with the Credit Agreement or this Security Instrument (including without limitation the occurrence of any event described in Section 6) at any time during the application process or during the term of the Credit Agreement or this Security Instrument; or (iii) Borrower takes any action or fails to take any action that adversely affects Lender’s security for the Credit Agreement or any right Lender has in the Property (including without limitation the occurrence of any action or proceeding described in Section 7 or Section 9(e) or any sale or transfer described in Section 16).

4 **“Electronic Funds Transfer”** means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone or other electronic device capable of communicating with such financial institution, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

5 **“Electronic Signature”** means an “Electronic Signature” as defined in the UETA or E-SIGN, as applicable.

6 **“E-SIGN”** means the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act (15 U.S.C. § 7001 *et seq.*), as it may be amended from time to time, or any applicable additional or successor legislation that governs the same subject matter.

7 **“Lien”** means any claim, demand or charge that is made against the Property because an obligation has not been fulfilled. Lien includes without limitation any mortgage on the Property, other than the mortgage evidenced by this Security Instrument.

8 **“Loan”** means all amounts owed now or hereafter under the Credit Agreement, including without limitation principal, interest, any other fees and charges due under the Credit Agreement, and also all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

9 **“Loan Servicer”** means the entity that has the contractual right to receive Borrower’s Periodic Payments and any other payments made by Borrower, and administers the Loan on behalf of Lender. Loan Servicer does not include a sub-servicer, which is an entity that may service the Loan on behalf of the Loan Servicer.

10 **“Miscellaneous Proceeds”** means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 4) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

11 **“Periodic Payment”** means the regularly scheduled amount due for principal and interest under the Credit Agreement, and any other amounts due with the regularly scheduled amount according to the Credit Agreement. The Periodic Payment may change with each advance made by the Lender subsequent to the execution of this Security Instrument.

12 **“Property”** means the property that is described below under the heading “TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY.”

13 **“Rents”** means all amounts received by or due Borrower in connection with the lease, use, and/or occupancy of the Property by a party other than Borrower.

14 **“Successor in Interest of Borrower”** means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower’s obligations under the Credit Agreement and/or this Security Instrument.

15 **“UETA”** means the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, as enacted by the jurisdiction in which the Property is located, as it may be amended from time to time, or any applicable additional or successor legislation that governs the same subject matter.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

The beneficiary of this Security Instrument is Lender. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all future advances, renewals, extensions and modifications of the Credit Agreement including any future advances made at a time when no indebtedness is currently secured by this Security Instrument; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Credit Agreement. For this purpose, Borrower irrevocably grants and conveys to Trustee, in trust, with power of sale, the following described Property located in the county of SALT LAKE, State of Utah, which currently has the address of

13072 S PADSTOW LN
[Street]
HERRIMAN, Utah 84096 ("Property Address");
[City] [Zip Code]

Tax Parcel I.D. Number(s) 255407143

and as more fully described in the attached Schedule A.

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or subsequently erected on the property, including replacements and additions to the improvements on such property, all property rights, including, without limitation, all easements, appurtenances, royalties, mineral rights, oil or gas rights or profits, water rights, and fixtures now or subsequently a part of the property. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER REPRESENTS, WARRANTS, COVENANTS, AND AGREES that: (i) Borrower lawfully owns and possesses the Property conveyed in this Security Instrument in fee simple or lawfully has the right to use and occupy the Property under a leasehold estate; (ii) Borrower has the right to grant, and convey the Property or Borrower's leasehold interest in the Property; (iii) the Property will not be used for or in connection with any illegal activity; and (iv) the Property is unencumbered as of the execution date of this Security Instrument, except for this Security Instrument and encumbrances of record as of the date hereof. Borrower warrants generally the title to the Property and covenants and agrees to defend the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances and ownership interests of record as of the date hereof.

COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Other Charges and Escrows. Subject to Section 11, Borrower will pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Credit Agreement and any other charges due under the Credit Agreement. Payments due under the Credit Agreement and this Security Instrument must be made in U.S. currency as described in the Credit Agreement or as otherwise permitted by Lender.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received in the manner and at the location required in the Credit Agreement, or at another location designated by Lender under Section 13 of this Security Instrument.

Subject to Applicable Law, Lender may, upon notice either before or after the execution of this Security Instrument, require Borrower to pay amounts into a non-interest bearing escrow or impound account (unless Applicable Law requires otherwise) up to the maximum amount permitted by law for the payment of all (a) taxes, assessments (including Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any) and other items which may attain priority over this Security Instrument; (b) premiums for any insurance required by Lender under Section 4; and (c) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Unless Applicable Law requires otherwise, Lender will apply each payment (including any prepayment) that Lender accepts in the order described in the Credit Agreement and then to any amounts due Lender under this Security Instrument. Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Credit Agreement will not extend or postpone the due date, or (unless Lender otherwise specifically agrees) change the amount of subsequent Periodic Payments.

3. Taxes; Charges; Liens. Borrower must pay (a) all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, impositions, and other similar charges on or attributable to the Property which under Applicable Law have priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument as a Lien on the Property, (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property (if any) if Borrower is a tenant on the Property, and (c) Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. Upon Lender's request, Borrower will promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under the preceding sentence of this Section 3 and receipts evidencing any such payments Borrower makes directly.

Borrower also agrees to pay any charges, costs, fees and expenses permitted by Applicable Law in connection with the servicing of the Credit Agreement and the Loan, including without limitation Lender's costs of obtaining tax searches and subordinations.

Borrower's obligation to make payments under this Section 3 and to provide receipts will be considered to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenants and agreements" is used in Section 7 of this Security Instrument.

Borrower must perform all of Borrower's obligations under any Lien disclosed to Lender in Borrower's application or in any title report Lender obtained in connection with Borrower's application, which has priority over this Security Instrument, including Borrower's covenants to make payments when due. (A Lien described in this paragraph is sometimes called a "Permitted Senior Lien.")

Borrower must promptly discharge any Lien which has priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument other than a Permitted Senior Lien, unless Borrower: (aa) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the Lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing under such agreement; (bb) contests the Lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the Lien in, legal proceedings which Lender determines, in its sole discretion, operate to prevent the enforcement of the Lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (cc) secures from the holder of the Lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the Lien to this Security Instrument (collectively, the "Required Actions"). If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a Lien that has priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument and which is not a Permitted Senior Lien, and Borrower has not taken any of the Required Actions in regard to such Lien, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the Lien. Within 10 days after the date on which that notice is given, Borrower must satisfy the Lien or take one or more of the Required Actions.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

4. Property Insurance.

(a) Insurance Requirements; Coverages. Borrower must keep the improvements now existing or subsequently erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes, winds, and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. Borrower must maintain the types of insurance the Lender requires in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan and may exceed any minimum coverage required by Applicable Law. Borrower may choose the insurance carrier providing the insurance, subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right will not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

(b) Failure to Maintain Insurance. If Lender has a reasonable basis to believe that Borrower has failed to maintain any of the required insurance coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Unless required by Applicable Law, Lender is under no obligation to advance premiums for, or to seek to reinstate, any prior lapsed coverage obtained by Borrower. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage and may select the provider of such insurance in its sole discretion. Before purchasing such coverage, Lender will notify Borrower if required to do so under Applicable Law. Any such coverage will insure Lender, but might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect, but not exceeding the coverage required under Section 4(a). Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained may significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could

have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender for costs associated with reinstating Borrower's insurance policy or with placing new insurance under this Section 4 will become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts will bear interest at the interest rate set forth in the Credit Agreement from the date of disbursement and will be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

(c) Insurance Policies. All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies: (i) will be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies; (ii) must include a standard mortgage clause; and (iii) must name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Upon Lender's request, Borrower must promptly give to Lender copies of all policies, renewal certificates, receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy must include a standard mortgage clause and must name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

(d) Proof of Loss; Application of Proceeds. In the event of loss and subject to the rights of any lienholder with rights to insurance proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights, the following provisions in this Section 4(d) shall apply. Borrower must give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, will be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if Lender deems the restoration or repair to be economically feasible and determines that Lender's security will not be lessened by such restoration or repair.

During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction (which may include satisfying Lender's minimum eligibility requirements for persons repairing the Property, including, but not limited to, licensing, bond, and insurance requirements), provided that such inspection must be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed, depending on the size of the repair or restoration, the terms of the repair agreement, and whether Borrower is in Default on the Loan. Lender may make such disbursements directly to Borrower, to the person repairing or restoring the Property, or payable jointly to both. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower will not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and will be the sole obligation of Borrower.

If Lender deems the restoration or repair not to be economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened by such restoration or repair, the insurance proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds will be applied in the order provided for in Section 2 (subject to the rights of any lienholder with rights to insurance proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights).

(e) Insurance Settlements; Assignment of Proceeds. If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters (subject to the rights of any lienholder with rights to insurance proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights). If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 21 or otherwise, Borrower is unconditionally assigning to Lender (i) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Credit Agreement and this Security Instrument, and (ii) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, to the extent that such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. If Lender files, negotiates, or settles a claim, Borrower agrees that any insurance proceeds may be made payable directly to Lender without the need to include Borrower as an additional loss payee. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property (as provided in Section 4(d)) or to pay amounts unpaid under the Credit Agreement or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, subject to the rights of any lienholder with rights to insurance proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights.

5. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower will not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower must maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless

Lender determines pursuant to Section 4 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower will promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage.

If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid to Lender in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower will be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed, depending on the size of the repair or restoration, the terms of the repair agreement, and whether Borrower is in Default on the Loan. Lender may make such disbursements directly to Borrower, to the person repairing or restoring the Property, or payable jointly to both. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower remains obligated to complete such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If Lender has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender will give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

6. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower will be in Default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan, including, but not limited to, overstating Borrower's income or assets, understating or failing to provide documentation of Borrower's debt obligations and liabilities, and misrepresenting Borrower's occupancy or intended occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence or (if applicable) as a second home, or (if and to the extent applicable) of Borrower's intention to use the Property as investment or rental property.

7. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument.

(a) Protection of Lender's Interest. If (i) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument or any obligation that is secured by a Lien that has priority over this Security Instrument; (ii) there is a legal proceeding or government order that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a Lien that has priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument, or to enforce laws or regulations); or (iii) Lender reasonably believes that Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions may include, but are not limited to: (I) paying any sums secured by a Lien that has priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument; (II) appearing in court; and (III) paying: (A) reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; (B) property inspection and valuation fees; and (C) other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, exterior and interior inspections of the Property, entering the Property to make repairs, changing locks, replacing or boarding up doors and windows, draining water from pipes, eliminating building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and having utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 7, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. Lender will not be liable for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 7.

(b) Avoiding Foreclosure; Mitigating Losses. If Borrower is in Default, Lender may work with Borrower to avoid foreclosure and/or mitigate Lender's potential losses, but is not obligated to do so unless required by Applicable Law. Lender may take reasonable actions to evaluate Borrower for available alternatives to foreclosure, including, but not limited to, obtaining credit reports, title reports, title insurance, property valuations, subordination agreements, and third-party approvals. Borrower authorizes and consents to these actions. Any costs associated with such loss mitigation activities may be paid by Lender and recovered from Borrower as described below in Section 7(c), unless prohibited by Applicable Law.

(c) Additional Amounts Secured. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 7 will become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts may bear interest at the interest rate set forth in the Credit Agreement from the date of disbursement and will be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

(d) Leasehold Terms. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower will comply with all the provisions of the lease. Borrower will not surrender the leasehold estate and interests conveyed or terminate or cancel the ground lease. Borrower will not, without the express written consent of Lender, alter or amend the ground lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title will not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

8. Assignment of Rents.

(a) Assignment of Rents. If the Property is leased to, used by, or occupied by a third party ("Tenant"), Borrower is unconditionally assigning and transferring to Lender any Rents, regardless of to whom the Rents are payable. Borrower authorizes Lender to collect the Rents, and agrees that each Tenant will pay the Rents to Lender, subject to the rights of any holder of a Permitted Senior Lien with rights to Rents that are superior to Lender's rights. However, Borrower will receive the Rents until (i) Lender has given Borrower notice of Default pursuant to Section 21, and (ii) Lender has given notice to the Tenant that the Rents are to be paid to Lender. This Section 8 constitutes an absolute assignment and not an assignment for additional security only.

(b) Notice of Default. If Lender gives notice of Default to Borrower, subject to the rights of any holder of a Permitted Senior Lien with rights to Rents that are superior to Lender's rights: (i) all Rents received by Borrower must be held by Borrower as trustee for the benefit of Lender only, to be applied to the sums secured by the Security Instrument; (ii) Lender will be entitled to collect and receive all of the Rents; (iii) Borrower agrees to instruct each Tenant that Tenant is to pay all Rents due and unpaid to Lender upon Lender's written demand to the Tenant; (iv) Borrower will ensure that each Tenant pays all Rents due to Lender and will take whatever action is necessary to collect such Rents if not paid to Lender; (v) unless Applicable Law provides otherwise, all Rents collected by Lender will be applied first to the costs of taking control of and managing the Property and collecting the Rents, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, receiver's fees, premiums on receiver's bonds, repair and maintenance costs, insurance premiums, taxes, assessments, and other charges on the Property, and then to any other sums secured by this Security Instrument; (vi) Lender, or any judicially appointed receiver, will be liable to account for only those Rents actually received; and (vii) Lender will be entitled to have a receiver appointed to take possession of and manage the Property and collect the Rents and profits derived from the Property without any showing as to the inadequacy of the Property as security.

(c) Funds Paid by Lender. If the Rents are not sufficient to cover the costs of taking control of and managing the Property and of collecting the Rents, any funds paid by Lender for such purposes will become indebtedness of Borrower to Lender secured by this Security Instrument pursuant to Section 7.

(d) Limitation on Collection of Rents. Borrower may not collect any of the Rents more than one month in advance of the time when the Rents become due, except for security or similar deposits.

(e) No Other Assignment of Rents. Except with respect to any holder of a Permitted Senior Lien with rights to Rents that are superior to Lender's rights, Borrower represents, warrants, covenants, and agrees that Borrower has not signed any prior assignment of the Rents, will not make any further assignment of the Rents, and has not performed, and will not perform, any act that could prevent Lender from exercising its rights under this Security Instrument.

(f) Control and Maintenance of the Property. Unless required by Applicable Law, Lender, or a receiver appointed under Applicable Law, is not obligated to enter upon, take control of, or maintain the Property before or after giving notice of Default to Borrower. However, Lender, or a receiver appointed under Applicable Law, may do so at any time when Borrower is in Default, subject to Applicable Law.

(g) Additional Provisions. Any application of the Rents will not cure or waive any Default or invalidate any other right or remedy of Lender. This Section 8 does not relieve Borrower of Borrower's obligations under Section 5 and Section 6.

This Section 8 will terminate when all the sums secured by this Security Instrument are paid in full and the line of credit created by the Credit Agreement has been terminated.

9. Assignment and Application of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture.

(a) Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds. Borrower is unconditionally assigning the right to receive all Miscellaneous Proceeds to Lender and agrees that such amounts will be paid to Lender, subject to the rights of any holder of a Permitted Senior Lien with rights to Miscellaneous Proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights.

(b) Application of Miscellaneous Proceeds Upon Damage to Property. If the Property is damaged, any Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if Lender deems the restoration or repair to be economically feasible and Lender's security will not be lessened by such restoration or repair. During such repair and restoration period, Lender will have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect the Property to ensure the

work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction (which may include satisfying Lender's minimum eligibility requirements for persons repairing the Property, including, but not limited to, licensing, bond, and insurance requirements) provided that such inspection must be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed, depending on the size of the repair or restoration, the terms of the repair agreement, and whether Borrower is in Default on the Loan. Lender may make such disbursements directly to Borrower, to the person repairing or restoring the Property, or payable jointly to both. Unless Lender and Borrower agree in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender will not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. Subject to the rights of any holder of a Permitted Senior Lien with rights to Miscellaneous Proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights, if Lender deems the restoration or repair not to be economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened by such restoration or repair, the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied in the order provided for in Section 2, subject to the rights of any holder of a Permitted Senior Lien with rights to Miscellaneous Proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights.

(c) Application of Miscellaneous Proceeds upon Condemnation, Destruction, or Loss in Value of the Property. Subject to the rights of any holder of a Permitted Senior Lien with rights to Miscellaneous Proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights, in the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, all of the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property (each, a "Partial Devaluation") where the fair market value of the Property immediately before the Partial Devaluation is equal to or greater than (i) the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the Partial Devaluation plus (if applicable) (ii) the amount secured at such time by any Permitted Senior Lien, a percentage of the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing. The amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds that will be so applied is determined by multiplying the total amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds by a percentage calculated by taking (i) the total amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the Partial Devaluation, and dividing it by (ii) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the Partial Devaluation. Any balance of the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a Partial Devaluation where the fair market value of the Property immediately before the Partial Devaluation is less than (i) the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the Partial Devaluation plus (if applicable) (ii) the amount secured at such time by any Permitted Senior Lien, all of the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not the sums are then due, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing.

(d) Settlement of Claims. Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, or to restoration or repair of the Property, if Borrower (i) abandons the Property, or (ii) fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date Lender notifies Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to settle a claim for damages, subject to the rights of any holder of a Permitted Senior Lien with rights to Miscellaneous Proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower the Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to the Miscellaneous Proceeds.

(e) Proceeding Affecting Lender's Interest in the Property. Borrower will be in Default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a Default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 17, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower is unconditionally assigning to Lender the proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property, which proceeds will be paid to Lender. All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property will be applied in the order provided for in Section 2, subject to the rights of any holder of a Permitted Senior Lien with rights to Miscellaneous Proceeds that are superior to Lender's rights.

10. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower will not be released from liability under this Security Instrument if Lender extends the time for payment or modifies the amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument. Lender will not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower, or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities, or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, will not be a waiver of, or preclude the exercise of, any right or remedy by Lender.

11. Joint and Several Liability; Co-Grantor; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument will be joint and several. However, any Borrower who signs this Security Instrument but does not sign the Credit Agreement: (a) signs this Security Instrument to mortgage, grant, and convey such Borrower's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) signs this Security Instrument to waive any applicable inchoate rights such as dower and curtesy and any available homestead exemptions; (c) signs this Security Instrument to assign any Miscellaneous Proceeds, Rents, or other earnings from the Property to Lender; (d) is not personally obligated to pay the sums due under the Credit Agreement or this Security Instrument; and (e) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear, or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of the Credit Agreement or this Security Instrument without such Borrower's consent and without affecting such Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument.

Subject to the provisions of Section 16, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, will obtain all of Borrower's rights, obligations, and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower will not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing.

12. Loan Charges.

(a) Tax and Flood Determination Fees. Lender may require Borrower to pay (i) a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan, and (ii) either (A) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification, and tracking services, or (B) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur that reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower will also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, or any successor agency, at any time during the Loan term, in connection with any flood zone determinations.

(b) Default Charges. If permitted under Applicable Law, Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's Default to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including: (i) reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; (ii) property inspection, valuation, mediation, and loss mitigation fees; and (iii) other related fees.

(c) Permissibility of Fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower should not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

(d) Savings Clause. If Applicable Law sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then (i) any such loan charge will be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit, and (ii) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Credit Agreement or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Credit Agreement). To the extent permitted by Applicable Law, Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

13. Notices; Borrower's Physical Address. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing.

(a) Notices to Borrower. Unless Applicable Law requires a different method, any written notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument will be deemed to have been given to Borrower

when (i) mailed by first class mail, or (ii) actually delivered to Borrower's Notice Address (as defined in Section 13(c) below) if sent by means other than first class mail or Electronic Communication (as defined in Section 13(b) below). Notice to any one Borrower will constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. If any notice to Borrower required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

(b) Electronic Notice to Borrower. Unless another delivery method is required by Applicable Law, Lender may provide notice to Borrower by e-mail or other electronic communication ("Electronic Communication") if: (i) agreed to by Lender and Borrower in writing; (ii) Borrower has provided Lender with Borrower's e-mail or other electronic address ("Electronic Address"); (iii) Lender provides Borrower with the option to receive notices by first class mail or by other non-Electronic Communication instead of by Electronic Communication; and (iv) Lender otherwise complies with Applicable Law. Any notice to Borrower sent by Electronic Communication in connection with this Security Instrument will be deemed to have been given to Borrower when sent unless Lender becomes aware that such notice is not delivered. If Lender becomes aware that any notice sent by Electronic Communication is not delivered, Lender will resend such communication to Borrower by first class mail or by other non-Electronic Communication. Borrower may withdraw the agreement to receive Electronic Communications from Lender at any time by providing written notice to Lender of Borrower's withdrawal of such agreement.

(c) Borrower's Notice Address. The address to which Lender will send Borrower notice ("Notice Address") will be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a different address by written notice to Lender. If Lender and Borrower have agreed that notice may be given by Electronic Communication, then Borrower may designate an Electronic Address as Notice Address. Borrower will promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of Notice Address, including any changes to Borrower's Electronic Address if designated as Notice Address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of Notice Address, then Borrower will report a change of Notice Address only through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated Notice Address under this Security Instrument at any one time.

(d) Notices to Lender. Any notice to Lender will be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated in this Security Instrument unless Lender has designated another address (including an Electronic Address) by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument will be deemed to have been given to Lender only when actually received by Lender at Lender's designated address (which may include an Electronic Address). If any notice to Lender required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

(e) Borrower's Physical Address. In addition to the designated Notice Address, Borrower will provide Lender with the address where Borrower physically resides, if different from the Property Address, and notify Lender whenever this address changes.

14. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument is governed by federal law and, to the extent not preempted by federal law, the law of the State of Utah. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. If any provision of this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement conflicts with Applicable Law (i) such conflict will not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement that can be given effect without the conflicting provision, and (ii) such conflicting provision, to the extent possible, will be considered modified to comply with Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence should not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. Any action required under this Security Instrument to be made in accordance with Applicable Law is to be made in accordance with the Applicable Law in effect at the time the action is undertaken.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words in the singular will mean and include the plural and vice versa; (b) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action; (c) any reference to "Section" in this document refers to Sections contained in this Security Instrument unless otherwise noted; and (d) the headings and captions are inserted for convenience of reference and do not define, limit, or describe the scope or intent of this Security Instrument or any particular Section, paragraph, or provision.

15. Borrower's Copy. Borrower will be given one copy of this Security Instrument and one copy of the Credit Agreement.

16. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. For purposes of this Section 16 only, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract, or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower to a purchaser at a future date.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, Lender will not exercise this option if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender will give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice will provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 13 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to, or upon, the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower and will be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing such remedies, including, but not limited to: (a) reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; (b) property inspection and valuation fees; and (c) other fees incurred to protect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument.

17. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower will have the right to reinstate the Loan and have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time up to the later of (a) five days before any foreclosure sale of the Property, or (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate. This right to reinstate will not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 16.

To reinstate the Loan, Borrower must satisfy all of the following conditions: (aa) pay Lender all sums that then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Credit Agreement as if no acceleration had occurred; (bb) cure any Default of any other covenants or agreements under this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement; (cc) pay all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement, including, but not limited to: (i) reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; (ii) property inspection and valuation fees; and (iii) other fees incurred to protect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement; and (dd) take such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement, will continue unchanged.

Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (aaa) cash; (bbb) money order; (ccc) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check, or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a U.S. federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (ddd) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon Borrower's reinstatement of the Loan, this Security Instrument and obligations secured by this Security Instrument will remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred.

18. Sale of Credit Agreement; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Credit Agreement or a partial interest in the Credit Agreement (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. Upon such a sale or other transfer, all of Lender's rights and obligations under this Security Instrument will convey to Lender's successors and assigns. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Credit Agreement and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Credit Agreement, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Credit Agreement. Lender may take any action permitted under this Security Instrument through the Loan Servicer or another authorized representative, such as a sub-servicer. Borrower understands that the Loan Servicer or other authorized representative of Lender has the right and authority to take any such action. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information required by Applicable Law in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Credit Agreement is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Credit Agreement, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the purchaser of the Credit Agreement unless otherwise provided by the purchaser of the Credit Agreement.

Until Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (in accordance with Section 13) of an alleged breach and afforded the other party a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action, neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (either as an individual litigant or a member of a class) that (a) arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement, or (b) alleges that the other party has breached any provision of this Security Instrument or the Credit Agreement. If Applicable Law provides a time period that must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this Section 18. The notice of Default given to Borrower pursuant to Section 21 will be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 18.

19. Hazardous Substances.

(a) Definitions. As used in this Section 19: (i) "Environmental Law" means any Applicable Laws where the Property is located that relate to health, safety, or environmental protection; (ii) "Hazardous Substances" include (A) those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law, and (B) the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, corrosive materials or agents, and radioactive materials; (iii) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (iv) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

(b) Restrictions on Use of Hazardous Substances. Borrower will not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower will not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that: (i) violates Environmental Law; (ii) creates an Environmental Condition; or (iii) due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects or could adversely affect the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences will not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

(c) Notices; Remedial Actions. Borrower will promptly give Lender written notice of: (i) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit, or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge; (ii) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release, or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance; and (iii) any condition caused by the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance that adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower will promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing in this Security Instrument will create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

20. Electronic Credit Agreement Signed with Borrower's Electronic Signature. If the Credit Agreement evidencing the debt for this Loan is electronic, Borrower acknowledges and represents to Lender that Borrower: (a) expressly consented and intended to sign the electronic Credit Agreement using an Electronic Signature adopted by Borrower ("Borrower's Electronic Signature") instead of signing a paper Credit Agreement with Borrower's written pen and ink signature; (b) did not withdraw Borrower's express consent to sign the electronic Credit Agreement using Borrower's Electronic Signature; (c) understood that by signing the electronic Credit Agreement using Borrower's Electronic Signature, Borrower promised to pay the debt evidenced by the electronic Credit Agreement in accordance with its terms; and (d) signed the electronic Credit Agreement with Borrower's Electronic Signature with the intent and understanding that by doing so, Borrower promised to pay the debt evidenced by the electronic Credit Agreement in accordance with its terms.

Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

21. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender will give a notice of Default to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's Default, except that such notice of Default will not be sent when Lender exercises its right under Section 16 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise. The notice will specify, in addition to any other information required by Applicable Law: (a) the Default; (b) the action required to cure the Default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days (or as otherwise specified by Applicable Law) from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the Default must be

cured; (d) that failure to cure the Default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property; (e) Borrower's right to reinstate the Loan after acceleration; and (f) Borrower's right to bring a court action to deny the existence of a Default or to assert any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale.

If the Default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender will be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 21, including, but not limited to: (i) reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; (ii) property inspection and valuation fees; and (iii) other fees incurred to protect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument.

If Lender invokes the power of sale, Trustee will execute a written notice of the occurrence of an event of Default and of the election to cause the Property to be sold and will record such notice in each county in which any part of the Property is located. Lender or Trustee will mail copies of such notice, in the manner prescribed by Applicable Law, to Borrower and to the other required recipients. In the event Borrower does not cure the Default within the period then prescribed by Applicable Law, Trustee will give public notice of the sale to the persons and in the manner prescribed by Applicable Law. At a time permitted, and in accordance with Applicable Law, Trustee, without further demand on Borrower, will sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more parcels and in any order Trustee determines (but subject to any statutory right of Borrower to direct the order in which the Property, if consisting of several known lots or parcels, will be sold). Trustee may in accordance with Applicable Law, postpone sale of all or any parcel of the Property by public announcement at the time and place of any previously scheduled sale. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee will deliver to the purchaser a Trustee's deed conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed will be prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements made therein. Trustee will apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, reasonable Trustee's and attorneys' fees and costs; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it or to the county clerk of the county in which the sale took place.

22. Reconveyance. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument and termination of the line of credit created by the Credit Agreement, Lender will request Trustee to reconvey the Property and will surrender to Trustee this Security Instrument and the Credit Agreement (or other evidence that the line of credit created by the Credit Agreement has been paid in full and terminated). Upon such request, Trustee will reconvey the Property without warranty to the person or persons legally entitled to it. Such person or persons will pay any recordation costs associated with such reconveyance. Lender may charge such person or persons a fee for reconveying the Property, but only if the fee is paid to a third party (such as the Trustee) for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

23. Substitute Trustee. Lender may from time to time, by itself or through the Loan Servicer, remove Trustee and appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee will succeed to all the rights, title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by Applicable Law.

24. Request for Notices. Borrower requests that copies of the notices of Default and sale be sent to Borrower's address which is the Property Address.

AUTHORIZATION TO OTHER LIEN HOLDERS. Borrower authorizes the holder of any other mortgage, lien or encumbrance on any portion of the Property to disclose to Lender any and all information Lender may request, including, without limitation: (1) the amount of any indebtedness or obligation secured by such mortgage, lien or encumbrance; (2) the amount of such indebtedness or obligation that is unpaid; (3) whether any amount owed on such indebtedness or obligation is or has been in arrears; (4) whether there is or has been any default with respect to such mortgage, lien or encumbrance or the indebtedness or obligation secured thereby; and (5) any other information regarding such mortgage, lien or encumbrance or the indebtedness or

obligation secured thereby which Lender may request from time to time. This authorization shall be effective without any further action, notice, authorization or consent from Borrower and shall remain in full force and effect for so long as this Security Instrument remains unsatisfied and has not been released.

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BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of:

Kristina Butterfield

11/20/2023

Kristina Butterfield

D5E6D0CE2D353291F5F09295F440AB88 12B3427721473B439CAE1510F5932C4C F2727E7FDD0F3FE5E3D6219D8E90E3B5 15513E796B1B0748EEC1FDBC9BC57A22
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_____ **[Space Below This Line For Acknowledgment]**

State of Nevada

County of Washoe

On this 20th day of November 2023, before me, John Jacob Mahoney (the undersigned notary public), Kristina Butterfield personally appeared by means of an interactive two-way audio and video communication, proved to me through satisfactory evidence which were a government-issued identification credential, credential analysis and identity proofing, to be the person whose name is signed on the preceding or attached instrument, and who acknowledged to me that this person was the maker of the attached instrument and executed this instrument voluntarily as the free act of the person named in the instrument for its stated purpose.

This notarial act was performed using audio-video communication.



.....
Signature of Notary Public



John Jacob Mahoney

NOTARY PUBLIC
STATE OF NEVADA
I.D. # 22-7643-02

My Comm. Exp. July 27, 2026

EXHIBIT A - PROPERTY LEGAL DESCRIPTION

THE FOLLOWING REAL PROPERTY IS SITUATED IN THE COUNTY OF SALT LAKE, STATE OF UTAH, AND DESCRIBED FURTHER AS FOLLOWS:

Lot B-TH5-3, HERRIMAN TOWNE CENTER PLAT B -PHASE 1, LOT B-45, AMENDED, according to the official plat thereof, as recorded in the office of the Salt Lake County Recorder.

Together with an easement of use and enjoyment in and to the common area and facilities, including but not limited to roadways and access ways appurtenant to said Lot, as provided for in the Declaration of HERRIMAN TOWNE CENTER PLAT B -PHASE 1, LOT B-45.

Property Address: 13072 S PADSTOW LN HERRIMAN UT 84096

apn: 26-36-312-008-0000

PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT RIDER

THIS PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT RIDER is made on 11/18/2023, and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust or Security Deed ("Security Instrument") of the same date given by the undersigned ("Borrower") to secure Borrower's Note ("Note") to Figure Lending LLC "Lender" of the same date and covering the Property described in the Security Instrument and located at:

13072 S PADSTOW LN, HERRIMAN, UT
84096

The Property Address is a part of a planned unit development ("PUD") known as

Herriman Towne Center Plat B-Phase 1

PUD COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

- A. So long as the Owners Association (or equivalent entity holding title to common areas and facilities), acting as trustee for the homeowners, maintains, with a generally accepted insurance carrier, a "master" or "blanket" policy insuring the property located in the PUD, including all improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the mortgaged premises, and such policy is satisfactory to Lender and provides insurance coverage in the amounts, for the periods, and against the hazards Lender requires, including fire and other hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and loss by flood, to the extent required by the Secretary, then:
- (i) Lender waives the provision in Paragraph 3 of this Security Instrument for the monthly payment to Lender of one-twelfth of the yearly premium installments for hazard insurance on the Property, and
 - (ii) Borrower's obligation under Paragraph 5 of this Security Instrument to maintain hazard insurance coverage on the Property is deemed satisfied to the extent that the required coverage is provided by the Owners Association policy.

Borrower shall give Lender prompt notice of any lapse in required hazard insurance coverage and of any loss occurring from a hazard. In the event of a distribution of hazard insurance proceeds in lieu of restoration or repair following a loss to the Property or to common areas and facilities of the PUD, any proceeds payable to Borrower are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender for application to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, with any excess paid to the entity legally entitled thereto.

- B. Borrower promises to pay all dues and assessments imposed pursuant to the legal instruments creating and governing the PUD.
- C. If Borrower does not pay PUD dues and assessments when due, then Lender may pay them. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph C shall become additional debt of

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Borrower secured by the Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and provisions contained in this PUD Rider.

Kristina Butterfield

11/20/2023

Kristina Butterfield

D5E6D0CE2D353291F5F09295F440AB88 12B3427721473B439CAE1510F5932C4CF 2727E7FDD0F3FE5E3D6219D8E90E3B51 5513E796B1B0748EEC1FDBC9BC57A22
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Borrower

[ADD ANY NECESSARY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT PROVISIONS.]