LONG-TERM STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

This Long-Term Stormwater Management Agreement ("Agreement") is made and entered into this, 20, 20,	t
by and between kearns, a Utah municipal corporation ("City"), and	,
Carrington Square, LLC	深708
a("Owner").	8D 8
RECITALS	
WHEREAS, the City is authorized and required to regulate and control the disposition of storm and surface waters within the MS4, as set forth in the City	
Stormwater Ordinance contained in Title 18 of the City Code and the Standard	系 工 系
Technical Specifications and Drawings Manual, as amended ("Ordinance"), adopted pursuant to the Utah Water Quality Act, as set forth in <i>Utah Code Ann</i> . §§ 19-5-101, et seq., as amended ("Act"); and	

WHEREAS, the Owner hereby represents and acknowledges that it is the owner in fee simple of certain real property more particularly described in Exhibit "A," attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference ("Property"); and

WHEREAS, the Owner desires to build or develop the Property and/or to conduct certain regulated construction activities on the Property which will alter existing storm and surface water conditions on the Property and/or adjacent lands; and

WHEREAS, in order to accommodate and regulate these anticipated changes in existing storm and surface water flow conditions, the Owner is required to build and maintain at Owner's expense a storm and surface water management facility or improvements ("Stormwater Facilities"); and

WHEREAS, the Stormwater Facilities are more particularly described and shown in the final site plan or subdivision approved in writing for the Property and related engineering drawings, and any amendments thereto, which plans and drawings are on file with the City and are hereby incorporated herein by this reference ("Development Plan"); and

WHEREAS, summary description of all Stormwater Facilities, details and all appurtenances draining to and affecting the Stormwater Facilities and establishing the standard operation and routine maintenance procedures for the Stormwater Facilities, and control measures installed on the Property are more particularly shown in Exhibit "B" on file with the City Recorder ("Long Term Stormwater Management Plan"); and

WHEREAS, a condition of Development Plan approval, and as required as part of the City's Small MS4 UPDES General Permit from the State of Utah, Owner is

11650 S STATE STREET
DRAPER UTAH 84020
BY: JLA, DEFUTY - WI 31

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required to enter into this Agreement establishing a means of documenting the execution of the Long Term Stormwater Management Plan.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the benefits received and to be received by the Owner, its successors and assigns, as a result of the City's approval of the Long Term Stormwater Management Plan, and the mutual covenants contained herein, the parties agree as follows:

Section 1

Construction of Stormwater Facilities. The Owner shall, at its sole cost and expense, construct the Stormwater Facilities in accordance with the Development Plans and specifications, and any amendments thereto which have been approved in writing by the City.

Section 2

Maintenance of Stormwater Facilities. The Owner shall, at its sole cost and expense, adequately maintain the Stormwater Facilities. Owner's maintenance obligations shall include but are not limited to all system and appurtenances built to convey stormwater, as well as all structures, berms, channels, outlet structures, pond areas, access roads, improvements, oil/water separators, pipes, culverts, ditches, vegetation, etc. provided to control the quantity and quality of the stormwater. Adequate maintenance, for purposes of this Agreement, is defined as good working condition so that the Stormwater Facilities are performing their design functions. The Owner shall, at its sole cost and expense, perform all work necessary to keep the Stormwater Facilities in good working condition.

Section 3

Annual Maintenance Report of Stormwater Facilities. The Owner shall, at its sole cost and expense, cause the Stormwater Facilities to be inspected by a Utah licensed and registered engineer, and shall cause that an inspection report and certification from the engineer be submitted to the City annually. The purpose of the inspection and certification is to ensure safe and proper functioning of the Stormwater Facilities. The annual inspection shall cover all aspects of the Stormwater Facilities, including, but not limited to, the parking lots, structural improvements, berms, channels, outlet structure, pond areas, access roads, oil/water separator, pipes, culverts, ditches, vegetation, landscaping, etc. Deficiencies shall be noted in the inspection report. The report shall also contain a certification as to whether adequate maintenance has been performed and whether the structural controls are operating as designed to protect water quality. The annual inspection report and certification shall be due by June 30th of each year and shall be on forms acceptable to the City, which acceptance shall be in writing from the City.

Section 4

City Oversight Inspection Authority. The Owner hereby grants permission to the City, its authorized agents and employees, to enter upon the Property and to inspect the Stormwater Facilities upon reasonable notice not less than two (2) business days to the

Owner, except in the case of an emergency, in which case an inspection may be performed with or without notice. Such inspections shall be conducted in a reasonable manner and at reasonable times, as determined appropriate by the City. The purpose of the inspection shall be to determine and ensure that the Stormwater Facilities are being adequately maintained, are continuing to perform in an adequate manner, and are in compliance with the Act, the Ordinance, and the Stormwater Facilities Maintenance Plan.

Section 5

Notice of Deficiencies. If the City finds that the Stormwater Facilities contain any defects or are not being maintained adequately, the City shall send Owner written notice of the defects or deficiencies and provide Owner with a reasonable time, but not less than thirty (30) days, to cure such defects or deficiencies. Such notice shall be confirmed delivery to the Owner or sent certified mail to the Owner at the address listed on the County Tax Assessor.

Section 6

Owner to Maintain, Repair, and Replace. The Owner shall, at its sole cost and expense, maintain, repair, replace, change or modify the Stormwater Facilities as may be determined as reasonably necessary by the City in writing within the required cure period to ensure that the Stormwater Facilities are adequately maintained, repaired, and replaced, and continue to operate as designed and approved in writing.

Section 7

City's Corrective Action Authority. In the event the Owner fails to adequately maintain, repair, or replace the Stormwater Facilities so that the facilities continue in good working condition acceptable to the City after the notice period in Section 5 expires, then the City may issue a Citation punishable as a Misdemeanor or administrative violation per City ordinances, in addition to any State or EPA fine. The City may also give written notice that the facility storm drain connection will be disconnected. The City may also enter upon the property to maintain, replace, or repair the Stormwater Facilities and assess the costs to Owner pursuant to this Agreement. It is expressly understood and agreed that the City is under no obligation to maintain or repair the Stormwater Facilities, and in no event shall this Agreement be construed to impose any such obligation on the City. The actions described in this Section are in addition to and not in lieu of any and all equitable remedies available to the City as provided by law for Owner's failure to remedy deficiencies or any other failure to perform under the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

Section 8

Reimbursement of Costs. In the event the City, pursuant to this Agreement, incurs any costs or expenses relating to enforcement of this Agreement, the Owner shall reimburse the City upon demand, within thirty (30) days of receipt thereof for all costs incurred by the City. After said thirty (30) days, such amount shall be deemed delinquent and shall be subject to interest at the rate of ten percent (10%) per annum. Owner shall also be liable for any collection costs, including attorneys' fees and court costs, incurred by the

City in collection of delinquent payments. Any and all costs and expenses may be attached as a lien on the Owner's Property pursuant to state law, and the Owner hereby gives the City the express authority to record such a lien on the Property.

Section 9

Successor and Assigns. This Agreement shall be recorded in the County Recorder's Office and the covenants and agreements contained herein shall run with the land and whenever the Property shall be held, sold, conveyed or otherwise transferred, it shall be subject to the covenants, stipulations, agreements and provisions of this Agreement which shall apply to, bind and be obligatory upon the Owner hereto, its successors and assigns, and shall bind all present and subsequent owners of the Property described herein. The Owner or any subsequent owners may be continue to be held liable for the obligations in this Agreement unless the Owner/grantor and the purchaser/grantee sign a written assignment agreement in which the purchaser/grantee agrees to assume all obligations and requirements of this Agreement regardless of when the obligation incurred.

Section 10

Severability Clause. The provisions of this Agreement shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision is declared unconstitutional, or the applicability thereof to the Owner, its successors and assigns, is held invalid, the remainder of this Covenant shall not be affected thereby.

Section 11

Utah Law and Venue. This Agreement shall be interpreted under the laws of the State of Utah. Any and all suits for any claims or for any and every breach or dispute arising out of this Agreement shall be maintained in the appropriate court of competent jurisdiction in Salt Lake County, Utah.

Section 12

Indemnification. This Agreement imposes no liability of any kind whatsoever on the City, and the Owner agrees to hold the City harmless from any liability in the event the Stormwater Facilities fail to operate properly or any violation of this Agreement takes place. The Owner shall indemnify and hold the City harmless for any and all damages, accidents, casualties, occurrences, claims, actions, or suits which might arise or be asserted against the City from failure of Owner to comply with its obligations under this agreement relating to the Stormwater Facilities or Owner's operation of the Stormwater Facilities.

Section 13

Amendments. This Agreement shall not be modified except by written instrument executed by the City and the Owner of the Property at the time of modification, and no modification shall be effective until recorded in the Salt Lake County Recorder's Office.

Section 14

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Subordination Requirement. If there is a lien, trust deed or other property interest recorded against the Property, the trustee, lien holder, etc., shall be required to execute a subordination agreement or other acceptable recorded document agreeing to subordinate their interest to the Agreement.

Section 15

Exhibit B. The Long-Term Stormwater Management Plan (LTSWMP) must adapt to change in good judgment when site conditions and operations change and when existing programs are ineffective. Exhibit B will not be filed with the agreement at County Recorder but is included by reference and kept on file with the City Recorder. Revision applications must be filed with the City County City recorder.

Section 16

Incorporation of Recitals. The Recitals set forth in the introductory paragraphs are hereby incorporated by this reference and are made a part of this Agreement.

LONG-TERM STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN AGREEMENT

SO AGREED this Ot	h day of _	July	20_2	<u></u> .	
PROPERTY OWNER		v			
By: Carrington Su	hare, LLC	Title: <u> </u>	nir		
By: Carrington Squ By: By: P	<u> </u>	Title: _ _	anager		
STATE OF UTAH) :ss.				
COUNTY OF)				
The above instrument was a of	acknowledged l , 20 <u>20</u>	before me by <u></u> የየ	es renous	nettoe, this 9	day
Mir assort				NOTARY PUBLIC NIC ABBOTT	
Notary Public				COMM. # 7070 78 MMISSION EXPIRES	l
Residing in: UTAH		_		JULY 5, 2023	ł
My commission expires:	7/5/2023	_		STATE OF UTAH	}
	_CITY				
By:City Manager		Date:			
City Manager		_			
Attest:City Reco					
City Recoi	rder				
STATE OF UTAH)				
COUNTY OF	:ss.)				
The above instrument was a	acknowledged l	before me by		, this	day
of					
Notary Public		<u></u>			
My commission expires:		- -		LTSWMP_	

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Attachments:

Exhibit A: <u>Legal Description</u>
Exhibit B: <u>Long-Term Stormwater Management Plan</u>; Filed with _____ City

Recorder

EXHIBIT A

Carrington 4
Parcel# 21183510120000
Owner: Carrington Square L.L.C.

EXHIBIT B

Long-Term Stormwater Management Plan

for:

Carrington 4 5959 South Cougar Lane Kearns, UT 84118

PURPOSE AND RESPONSIBILITY

As required by the Clean Water Act and resultant local regulations, including the City Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4) Permit, those who develop land are required to build and maintain systems to minimize litter and contaminants in stormwater runoff that pollute waters of the State.

This Long-Term Stormwater Management Plan (LTSWMP) describes the systems, operations and the minimum standard operating procedures (SOPs) necessary to manage pollutants originating from or generated on this property. Any activities or site operations at this property that contaminate water entering the City's stormwater system and generate loose litter must be prohibited, unless SOPs are written to manage those activities or operations, and amended into this LTSWMP.

tah Lake is impaired but does not have a TMDL. The LTSWMP is aimed at addressing these impairments in addition to all other pollutants that can be generated by this property.

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SECTION 1: SITE DESCRIPTION, USE AND IMPACT

SECTION 2: TRAINING

SECTION 3: RECORDKEEPING SECTION 4 APPENDICES

SECTION 1: SITE DESCRIPTION, USE AND IMPACT

The site infrastructure at our site is limited at controlling and containing pollutants and our operations if managed improperly can contaminate the environment. This LTSWMP includes standard operations procedures (SOP)s that are intended to compensate for the pollution containment limitations of our site infrastructure and direct our maintenance operations to responsibly manage our grounds.

Instructions:

The purpose of this section is to help the Operator understand that the property can impact water quality and why it is important to maintain the property according to this LTSWMP.

Describe site infrastructure, structural controls and any low impact development designs(LIDs) necessary to control and contain pollutants. Identify the limitations of the infrastructure at controlling and containing pollutants. It is important the Operator, staff, service contractors and anyone else involved in onsite operations and activities understand the unique exposures, operations and infrastructure which impact the storm drain systems.

Describe both business operations and maintenance activities that generate pollutants.

Briefly identify the need for SOP that are necessary to compensate for the limitations of the site infrastructure and operations. Create SOPs to manage the site functions, and maintenance operations. Include the SOPs in Appendix B.

Refer to the LTSWMP example provided as a separate download to create the site descriptions required in this Section.

Generally most sites will have the following infrastructure listed in this Section, however, the designer is expected to add or remove descriptions to accurately represent the unique site infrastructure needing controls.

Parking, Sidewalk and flatwork

Any sediment, leaves, debris, spilt fluids or other waste that collects on our parking lots and sidewalks will be carried by runoff to our storm drain inlets. This waste material will settle in our storm drain system increasing maintenance cost and solid and dissolved waste in our runoff can pass through our system ultimately polluting the Jordan River and Utah lake.

Maintenance involves regular sweeping, but it can also involve pavement washing to remove stains, slick spots and improve appearance when necessary. Use our Pavement Maintenance and the Pavement Washing SOPs to manage pollutants that collect on our pavements.

Landscaping

Our landscape operations can result in grass clippings, sticks, branches, dirt, mulch, fertilizers, pesticides and other pollutants to fall or be left on our paved areas. This waste material will settle in our storm drain system increasing maintenance cost and solid and dissolved waste in our runoff can pass through our storm drain system ultimately polluting the Jordan River and Utah Lake. The primary pollutant impairing the Jordan

River and Utah Lake is organic material so it is vital that our paved areas with direct connection to the City storm drain systems remain clean of landscape debris. Use our Landscape Maintenance SOP to prevent this potential pollution source from affecting Jordan River and Utah Lake.

Storm Drain System

The storm drain inlets direct all runoff to a detention pond and though a stormwater treatment unit CONTECH CDS-5653 that is designed to capture floating material and heavier sediment particles, but does not trap suspended or dissolved pollutants. This device is susceptible to bypass and scour during large storm events and the dissolved pollutants will pass through and harm the receiving waters. Also our stormwater treatment system holds water that can breed mosquitoes. It is important to regularly maintain this system to protect the receiving waters and prevent mosquito breeding. Use our Storm Drain Maintenance SOP manage our storm drain system responsibly.

Waste Management

Our 6-yard dumpster and trash receptacles with lids are intended to prevent precipitation exposure minimizing liquids that can leak to pavements and from haul trucks. Lids will also prevent the light weight trash carried off by wind. Good waste management systems, if managed improperly, can become the source of the very pollution that they were intended to control. Use our Waste Management SOP to control and manage the solid waste we generate.

Utility System

Our roof top utility system is exposed to our roof drains which drain to our pavements. This heating and air conditioner unit contains oils and other chemicals that can harm the receiving bodies of water if allowed to drain off our property. Liquids and other waste generated by maintenance of this system can be appropriately managed by our Spill Containment and Cleanup SOP.

Snow and Ice Removal Management

Salt is a necessary pollutant and is vital to ensuring a safe parking and pedestrian walkways. However, the snow removal operations if improperly managed will increase our salt impact to our own vegetation and local water resources. Use our Snow and Ice Removal SOP to minimize our salt impact.

SECTION 2: TRAINING

Ensure that all employees and maintenance contractors know and understand the SOPs specifically written to manage and maintain the property. Maintenance contractors must use the stronger of their Company and the LTSWMP SOPs. File all training records in Appendix C.

SECTION 3: RECORDKEEPING

Maintain records of operation and maintenance activities in accordance with SOPs. Mail a copy of the record to Municiple Services District annually.

SECTION 4: APPENDICES

Instructions:

Include all drawings, details, SOPs and other supporting information referenced in Sections 1. Ensure the LTSWMP is updated with any as-built plans, details and SOP changes prior to releasing the project, and NOI.

Appendix A- Site Drawings and Details

Appendix B- SOPs

Appendix C- Recordkeeping Documents

APPENDIX A - SITE DRAWINGS AND DETAILS

Link to Site Drawings and Details: https://drive.google.com/file/d/1qTEgY6oWRhCBxrKZyHFA2pDyAm-e5txb/view?usp=sharing

APPENDIX B - SOPs

Pavement Maintenance Operations

General:

These SOPs are not expected to cover all necessary procedure actions. Operators are allowed to adapt SOPs to unique site conditions in good judgment when it is necessary for safety, and the proper, and effective containment of pollutants. However, any changes of routine operations must be amended in these SOPs.

1. Purpose and Selection:

- a) Reduce stormwater pollution by sweeping and removing pollutants that will be carried to City stormwater systems during stormwater runoff or by non stormwater runoff.
- b) The sweeper is intended for removing material that collect on pavements by use and the natural degradation of pavements, ie. material that collect, drop from vehicles and the natural erosion and breaking up of pavements.

2. Regular Procedure:

- a) Remain aware of debris and sweep minor debris is needed by hand.
- b) Generally sweeping machinery should be used during autumn when leaf fall is heavy and early spring after winter thaw. Sometimes sweeping machinery will be necessary when accumulations are spread over a large area of the pavement.
- c) Manage outside activities that leave waste or drain pollutants to our pavements. This involves outside functions including but not limited to: Yard sales, yard storage, fund raisers, etc. Do not allow car wash fund raiser or other activities that allow detergents or other pollutants to be wash into storm drain systems.

4. Disposal Procedure:

- a) Service contractor dispose at licensed facilities
- b) Dispose of hand collected material in dumpster

5. Training:

Landscape Maintenance Operations

General:

This SOP is not expected to cover all necessary procedure actions. Operators are allowed to adapt SOPs to unique site conditions in good judgment when it is necessary for safety, and the proper, and effective containment of pollutants. However, any changes of routine operations must be amended in this SOP.

Rule: Prevent any solids, liquids or any light weight material from being carried away from the construction or maintenance envelop by wind or water.

1. Application:

a) This SOP should provide sufficient direction for many of the general landscaping operations, e.g., fertilizer and pesticide applications, mowing, weeding, tree trimming, digging, sprinkler repairs, varying landscape cover management, etc.

2. Maintenance Procedure:

- a) Grooming
 - Lawn Mowing Immediately following operation sweep or blow clippings onto vegetated ground.
 - Fertilizer Operation Prevent overspray. Sweep or blow fertilizer onto vegetated ground immediately following operation.
 - Pesticide Operations Prevent overspray, use spot treatment, sweep or blow dry pesticide onto vegetated ground immediately following operation.
- b) Remove or contain all erodible or loose material prior forecast wind and precipitation events, before any non-stormwater will pass through and over the project site and at end of work period. Light weight debris and landscape materials can require immediately attention when wind expected.
- c) Landscape project materials and waste can usually be contained or controlled by operational best management practices.
 - Operational; including but not limited to:
 Strategic staging of materials eliminating exposure, such as not staging on pavement
 Avoiding multiple day staging of landscaping backfill and spoil on
 - pavements

 ☐ Haul off spoil as generated or daily
 - ☐ Scheduling work when weather forecast are clear.

d) Cleanup:

 Use dry cleanup methods, e.g. square nose shovel and broom and it is usually sufficient when no more material can be swept onto the square nosed shovel. • Power blowing tools

3. Waste Disposal:

a) Dispose of waste according to General Waste Management SOP, unless superseded by specific SOPs for the operation.

4. Equipment:

- a) Tools sufficient for proper containment of pollutants and cleanup.
- b) Push broom and square blade shovel should be a minimum.

5. Training:

- a) Annually and at hire
- b) Landscape Service Contractors must have equal or better SOPs.

Waste Management Operations

General:

This SOP is not expected to cover all necessary procedure actions. Operators are allowed to adapt SOPs to unique site conditions in good judgment when it is necessary for safety, and the proper, and effective containment of pollutants. However, any changes of routine operations must be amended in this SOP.

1. Application:

a) This SOP is intended for all Staff, intended for the proper disposal of common everyday waste.

2. Waste Collection Devices (Exposed units):

- a) The site contains 2 types of waste management containers.
 - 6yd dumpster with lid
 - Receptacles with lids

3. Waste Disposal Restrictions for all waste Scheduled for the Salt Lake County Landfill:

- a) Generally most waste generated at this property, and waste from spill and clean up operations can be disposed in our dumpsters under the conditions listed in this SOP. Unless other disposal requirements are specifically identified by the product SDS or otherwise specified in other SOPs.
- b) Know the facility disposal requirements and restrictions. It should not be assumed that all waste disposed in collection devices will be disposed at the Salt Lake County Landfill.
- c) Review Salt Lake County Landfill regulations for additional restrictions and understand what waste is prohibited in the Salt Lake County Landfill. Ensure the SDS andSalt Lake County Landfill regulations are not contradictory.

Generally the waste prohibited by the Salt Lake County Landfill is:

Commercial Refrigerators
 Call Salt Lake County Landfill with questions: 385-468-6370

4. Waste Disposal Required for Salt Lake County Landfill or other:

- a) Generally for waste not accepted by the Salt Lake County Landfill.
- b) Follow SDS for disposal requirements. ReviewSalt Lake County Landfill regulations for additional restrictions and understand what waste is prohibited in

the Salt Lake County Landfill. Ensure the SDS and Salt Lake County Landfill regulations are not contradictory

General rules are:

- Get approval prior to delivery.
- Transport waste in secure leak proof containers that are clearly labeled.
- c) Lookup and follow disposal procedures for disposal of waste at other EPA approved sites, the Salt Lake County Landfill# is a good resource, PHONE #385-468-6370

5. General Staff Maintenance Practices:

- a) Prevent dumpsters and receptacles from becoming a pollution source by:
 - 1. Closing lids
 - 2. Reposition tipped receptacles upright.
 - 3. Report full or leaking and unsecured dumpsters and receptacles to the company provider or repair it in house. Determine source liquids and prevent it.
 - 4. Report any eminent pollutant hazard related to dumpsters and receptacles to the owner.

6. Training:

Storm Drain Maintenance Operations

General

These SOPs are not expected to cover all necessary procedure actions. Operators are allowed to adapt SOPs to unique site conditions in good judgment when it is necessary for safety, and the proper, and effective containment of pollutants. However, any changes of routine operations must be amended in these SOPs.

1. Procedure:

- a) Inspect for need:
 - 1. Schedule cleaning for boxes and pipe that contain 2" or more of sediment and debris.
 - 2. Remove debris by vacuum Salt Lake County Landfill operated machinery.
 - 3. When accumulations are mostly floating debris this material can be removed with a net.
 - 4. Inspect standing water for mosquito larvae and contact the Mosquito Abatement in Kearns when necessary.

2. Disposal Procedure:

- a) Dispose of waste collected by machinery at regulated facilities.
- b) Floating materials and floating absorbent materials may be disposed in dumpster when dried out. Dry dirt and slurry may also be disposed in the dumpster.
- c) Disposal of hazardous waste
 - 1. Dispose of hazardous waste at regulated disposal facilities, see Waste Management and Spill Control SOP
- d) Disposal of waste collected from sanitary sewer device at regulated facilities.

3. Training:

Pavement Washing Operations

General:

These SOPs are not expected to cover all necessary procedure actions. Operators are allowed to adapt SOPs to unique site conditions in good judgment when it is necessary for safety, and the proper, and effective containment of pollutants. However, any changes of routine operations must be amended in these SOPs.

1. Procedure:

- a) Prevent waste fluids and any detergents if used from entering storm drain system. The following methods are acceptable for this operation.
 - Dam the inlet using a boom material that seals itself to the pavement and pick up the wastewater with shop-vacuum or absorbent materials.
 - Collect wastewater with shop-vacuum simultaneous with the washing operation.
 - Collect wastewater with vacuum truck or trailer simultaneous with the washing operation.
- b) This procedure must not used to clean the initial spills. First apply the Spill Containment and cleanup SOP.

2. Disposal Procedure:

- a) Small volumes can usually be drained to the local sanitary sewer. Contact the Kearns Utilities Department.
- b) Large volumes must be disposed at regulated facilities.

2. Pavement Cleaning Frequency:

a) There is no regular pavement washing regimen. Pavement washing is determined by conditions that warrant it, including but not limited to: prevention of slick or other hazardous conditions or restore acceptable appearance of pavements.

3. Training:

Snow and Ice Removal Management

General:

This SOP is not expected to cover all necessary procedure actions. Operators are allowed to adapt SOPs to unique site conditions in good judgment when it is necessary for safety, and the proper, and effective containment of pollutants. However, any changes of routine operations must be amended in this SOP.

1. Application:

a) Parking and sidewalk winter management operations.

2. De-Icing Procedure:

- a) Do not store or allow salt or equivalent to be stored on outside paved surfaces.
- b) Minimize salt use by varying salt amounts relative to hazard potential.
- c) Sweep excessive piles left by the spreader.
- d) Watch forecast and adjust salt amounts when warm ups are expected the same day.

3. Training:

- a) Annually and at hire.
- b) Require snow and ice service contractors to follow the stronger this SOP and their company SOPs.

General Construction Maintenance

General:

This SOP is not expected to cover all necessary procedure actions. Operators are allowed to adapt SOPs to unique site conditions in good judgment when it is necessary for safety, and the proper, and effective containment of pollutants. However, any changes of routine operations must be amended in this SOP.

Rule: Prevent any solids, *liquids or any light weight material from being carried away from the construction or maintenance envelop by wind or water.

*liquids - including culinary water and irrigation water that are polluted with material that will damage the environment.

1. Application:

 a) This SOP should provide sufficient direction for many of the general operations, e.g., building maintenance, curb/sidewalk/flatwork, overlay/patching, landscape renovations, misc. maintenance/repairs, etc.

2. Construction Procedure:

- a) Remove or contain all erodible or loose material prior forecast wind and precipitation events or before non-stormwater will pass through the project site. For light weight debris maintenance can require immediately attention for wind events and many times daily maintenance or as needed for precipitation or non-stormwater events.
- b) Project materials and waste can be contained or controlled by operational or structural best management practices.

•	Operational; including but not limited to:		
		Strategic staging of materials eliminating exposure, such as not staging	
		on pavement	
		Avoiding multiple day staging of backfill and spoil	
		Haul off spoil as generated or daily	
		Schedule work during clear forecast	
•	Structi	aral; including but not limited to:	
		Inlet protection, e.g. wattles, filter fabric, drop inlet bags, boards,	
		planks	
		Gutter dams, e.g. wattles, sandbags, dirt dams	
		Boundary containment, e.g. wattles, silt fence	
		Dust control, e.g. water hose,	
		Waste control, e.g. construction solid or liquid waste containment,	
		dumpster, receptacles	

USWAC Long-Term Stormwater Management Plan 2018-09-10

- c) Inspection often to insure the structural best management practices are in good operating condition and at least prior to the workday end. Promptly repair damaged best management practices achieving effective containment.
- d) Cleanup:
 - Use dry cleanup methods, e.g. square nose shove and broom.
 - Wet methods are allowed if wastewater is prevented from entering the stormwater system, e.g. wet/dry vacuum, disposal to our landscaped areas.
- e) Cleanup Standard:
 - When a broom and a square nosed shovel cannot pick any appreciable amount of material.

3. Waste Disposal:

- a) Dispose of waste according to General Waste Management SOP, unless superseded by specific SOPs for the operation.
- b) Never discharge waste material to storm drains

4. Equipment:

- a) Tools sufficient for proper containment of pollutants and cleanup.
- b) Push broom and square blade shovel should be a minimum.

5. Training:

Spill Control

General:

This SOP is not expected to cover all necessary procedure actions. Operators are allowed to adapt SOPs to unique site conditions in good judgment when it is necessary for safety, and the proper, and effective containment of pollutants. However, any changes of routine operations must be amended in this SOP.

1. Rational:

a) All properties are susceptible to spills whether it is a result of operations or by customers. Insufficient response, inadequate containment materials and improper spill cleanup methods will result in pollutants in our waterways. Once the pollutants reach our storm drain system, or even the detention pond, they are difficult and expensive to remove.

2. Containment Procedure:

- a) Priority is to dam and contain flowing spills.
- b) Use spill kits booms if available or use any material available; including but not limited to, nearby sand, dirt, landscaping materials, etc.
- c) Hazardous or unknown waste material spills
 - 1. Critical Emergency constitutes large quantities of flowing uncontained liquid that will affect areas with people or reach storm drain systems. Generally burst or tipped tanks. Call HAZMAT, DWQ, or Kearns City.
 - 2. Minor Emergency constitutes a spill that has reached a storm drain but is no longer flowing. Call Kearns City.
 - Spills that are contained on the surface and do not meet the criteria for Critical
 and minor emergencies may be managed by the responsible implementation of
 this SOP.
 - 4. Contact Numbers:

HAZMAT - 911 DWQ - 801-231-1769, 801-536-4123 Kearns Engineering Department - 801-968-1011 City - 801-968-1011

3. Cleanup Procedure:

- a) NEVER WASH SPILLS TO THE STORM DRAIN SYSTEMS.
- b) Clean per SDS requirements but generally most spills can be cleaned up according to the following:

- Absorb liquid spills with spill kit absorbent material, sand or dirt until liquid is sufficiently converted to solid material.
- Remove immediately using dry cleanup methods, e.g. broom and shovel, or vacuum operations.
- Cleanup with water and detergents may also be necessary depending on the spilled material. However, the waste from this operation must be vacuumed or effectively picked up by dry methods. See Pavement Washing SOP.
- Repeat process when residue material remains.

4. DISPOSAL:

- a) Follow SDS requirements but usually most spills can be disposed per the following b. & c.
- b) Generally most spills absorbed into solid forms can be disposed to the dumpster and receptacles. Follow Waste Management SOP.
- c) Generally Liquid waste from surface cleansing processes may be disposed to the sanitary sewer system after the following conditions have been met:
 - Dry cleanup methods have been used to remove the bulk of the spill and disposed per the Waste Management SOP.
 - The liquid waste amounts are small and diluted with water. This is intended for spill cleanup waste only and never for the disposal of unused or spent liquids.

5. Documentation:

a) Document all spills in Appendix C.

6. SDS sheets:

a) SDS Manual is filed in break room.

7. Materials:

a) Generally sand or dirt will work for most clean up operations and for containment. However, it is the responsibility of the owner to select the absorbent materials and cleanup methods that are required by the SDS Manuals for chemicals used by the company.

8. Training:

APPENDIX C – PLAN RECORDKEEPING DOCUMENTS

[Insert PLAN Recordkeeping forms following this page]

MAINTENANCE/INSPECTION SCHEDULE

Frequency	Site Infrastructure.		
	Replace text with the infrastructure / system that must be maintained; repeat		
-			
-			

Inspection Frequency Key: A=annual, Q=Quarterly, M=monthly, W=weekly, S=following appreciable storm event, U=Unique infrastructure specific (specify)

RECORD INSPECTIONS IN THE MAINTENANCE LOG

Inspection Means: Either; Traditional walk through, Awareness/Observation, and during regular maintenance operations while noting efficiencies/inefficiencies/concerns found, etc.

MAINTENANCE LOG

Maintenance Performed/Spill Events. Perform Maintenance per SOPs	Observation Notes, including but not limited to; Inspection results, Observations, System Performance (effectiveness/inefficiencies), SOP Usefulness, Concerns, Necessary Changes		
		-	
	Maintenance Performed/Spill Events. Perform Maintenance per SOPs	Maintenance per SOPs System Performance (effectiveness/inefficiencies), SOP Usefulness, Concerns,	

Annual Summary of LTSWMP effectiveness, inefficiencies, problems, necessary changes etc.		
	l.	
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	1	

^{*}You may create your own form that provides this same information or request a word copy of this document.

Annual SOP Training Log per Section 2

SOP	Trainer	Employee Name / Maintenance Contractor Co	Date
			-
	···		
			1
			
			
			
			

^{*}You may create your own form that provides this same information or request a word copy of this document.