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After Recording Return To:

Bank of America, N.A.
20 Greenway Plz, Ste 900
TX6-020-09-01
Houston, TX 77046
Attn: Post-Closing

Rhonda Francis Summit County Recorder

06/28/2021 03:29:07 PM Fee \$40.00

By COTTONWOOD TITLE INSURANCE AGENCY, INC.

Electronically Recorded

TWP-6

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

144857-PCP

DEED OF TRUST

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated June 25, 2021, together with all Riders to this document.

(B) "Borrower" is OC-DV Ski Property, LLC, a Utah limited liability company.

(C) "Trustor" is OC-DV Ski Property, LLC, a Utah limited liability company. Trustor is the trustor under this Security Instrument.

(D) "Lender" is Bank of America, N.A., a national banking association. Lender's address is 20 Greenway Plaza, Suite 900, TX6-020-09-01, Houston, TX 77046. Lender is the beneficiary under this Security Instrument.

(E) "Trustee" is Cottonwood Title Insurance Agency, Inc.

(F) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated June 25, 2021. The Note states that Borrower owes Lender One Million One Hundred Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (U.S. \$1,125,000.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than July 1, 2036.

(G) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(H) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(I) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Trustor. The following Riders are to be executed by Trustor [check box as applicable]:

- Adjustable Rate Rider
- Balloon Rider
- 1-4 Family Rider
- Condominium Rider
- Planned Unit Development Rider
- Biweekly Payment Rider
- Second Home Rider
- Custom Mortgage Rider
- Rental/Investment Rider

(J) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

(K) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Trustor or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

(L) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(M) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.

(N) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(O) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(P) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.

(Q) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

(R) "Successor in Interest of Trustor" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Trustor's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Trustor's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Trustor irrevocably grants, conveys and warrants to Trustee, in trust, with power of sale, the following described property located in the County of Summit, State of Utah:

PARCEL 1:

All of Unit 6, TWIN PINES AT SILVER LAKE, A UTAH PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT, according to the official plat thereof, on file and of record in the office of the Summit County Recorder.

PARCEL 1A:

An easement of use and enjoyment in and to the Common Areas and Facilities, including but not limited to roadways and access ways appurtenant to said Unit, as provided for in the

Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions and Reservations of Easements for
Twin Pines at Silver Lake, a Planned Unit Development.

which currently has the address of 7505 Sterling Drive, Unit 6, Park City, UT 84060 ("Property Address").

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

TRUSTOR COVENANTS that Trustor is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant, convey and warrant the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Trustor further warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Trustor and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges.

Trustor shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Trustor shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds.

Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Trustor makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Trustor does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Trustor. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Trustor might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Trustor from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Trustor for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Trustor to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Trustor shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Trustor to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Trustor, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Trustor shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Trustor shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Trustor's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Trustor's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Trustor shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Trustor's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Trustor is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Trustor fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Trustor shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Trustor shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Trustor for holding and applying the Funds, annually

analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Trustor interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Trustor any interest or earnings on the Funds. Trustor and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Trustor, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Trustor for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Trustor as required by RESPA, and Trustor shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Trustor as required by RESPA, and Trustor shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Trustor any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Trustor shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Trustor shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Trustor shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Trustor: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Trustor is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Trustor a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Trustor shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Trustor to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Trustor shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Trustor subject to Lender's right to disapprove Trustor's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Trustor to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Trustor shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Trustor.

If Trustor fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Trustor's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular

type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Trustor, Trustor's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Trustor acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Trustor could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Trustor secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Trustor requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Trustor shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Trustor obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Trustor shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Trustor. Unless Lender and Trustor otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Trustor any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Trustor shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Trustor. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Trustor. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Trustor abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Trustor does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Trustor hereby assigns to Lender (a) Trustor's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Trustor's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Trustor) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Trustor shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Trustor's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Trustor's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Trustor's control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Trustor shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste

on the Property. Whether or not Trustor is residing in the Property, Trustor shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Trustor shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Trustor shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Trustor is not relieved of Trustor's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Trustor notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

8. Trustor's Loan Application. Trustor shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Trustor or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Trustor or with Trustor's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Trustor's occupancy of the Property as Trustor's principal residence.

9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Trustor fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Trustor has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorneys' fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Trustor secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Trustor requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Trustor shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Trustor acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

10. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Trustor shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Trustor was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Trustor shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Trustor of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer selected by Lender.

If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Trustor shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Trustor any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan and Trustor was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Trustor shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Trustor and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Trustor's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Trustor does not repay the Loan as agreed. Trustor is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Trustor's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Trustor has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Trustor will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Trustor to any refund.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Trustor has – if any – with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Trustor any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or

repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Trustor. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Trustor.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Trustor and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Trustor.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Trustor and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Trustor, or if, after notice by Lender to Trustor that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Trustor fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Trustor Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Trustor has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Trustor shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Trustor can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Trustor Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Trustor or any Successor in Interest of Trustor shall not operate to release the liability of Trustor or any Successors in Interest of Trustor. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Trustor or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Trustor or any Successors in Interest of Trustor. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Trustor or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Trustor covenants and agrees that Trustor's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Trustor who co-

signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Trustor can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Trustor who assumes Trustor's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Trustor's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Trustor shall not be released from Trustor's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Trustor fees for services performed in connection with Trustor's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Trustor shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Trustor which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Trustor. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Trustor. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Trustor's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Trustor will constitute a waiver of any right of action Trustor might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Trustor or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Trustor in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Trustor when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Trustor's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Trustor shall constitute notice to all Trustors unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Trustor has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Trustor shall promptly notify Lender of Trustor's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Trustor's change of address, then Trustor shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Trustor. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall

not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

17. Trustor's Copy. Trustor shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Trustor. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Trustor at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Trustor is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Trustor is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Trustor notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Trustor must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Trustor fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Trustor.

19. Trustor's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Trustor meets certain conditions, Trustor shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Trustor's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Trustor: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Trustor's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Trustor pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Trustor, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Trustor. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Trustor will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of

servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Trustor will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Trustor nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Trustor or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Trustor pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Trustor pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Trustor shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Trustor shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

Trustor shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Trustor has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Trustor learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Trustor shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Trustor and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

22. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Trustor prior to acceleration following Trustor's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Trustor, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on

or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Trustor of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to bring a court action to assert the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Trustor to acceleration and sale. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

If the power of sale is invoked, Trustee shall execute a written notice of the occurrence of an event of default and of the election to cause the Property to be sold and shall record such notice in each county in which any part of the Property is located. Lender or Trustee shall mail copies of such notice in the manner prescribed by Applicable Law to Trustor and to the other persons prescribed by Applicable Law. In the event Trustor does not cure the default within the period then prescribed by Applicable Law, Trustee shall give public notice of the sale to the persons and in the manner prescribed by Applicable Law. After the time required by Applicable Law, Trustee, without demand on Trustor, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more parcels and in any order Trustee determines (but subject to any statutory right of Trustor to direct the order in which the Property, if consisting of several known lots or parcels, shall be sold). Trustee may in accordance with Applicable Law, postpone sale of all or any parcel of the Property by public announcement at the time and place of any previously scheduled sale. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee's deed conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed shall be prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, reasonable Trustee's and attorneys' fees; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it or to the county clerk of the county in which the sale took place.

23. Reconveyance. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall request Trustee to reconvey the Property and shall surrender this Security Instrument and all notes evidencing debt secured by this Security Instrument to Trustee. Trustee shall reconvey the Property without warranty to the person or persons legally entitled to it. Such person or persons shall pay any recordation costs. Lender may charge such person or persons a fee for reconveying the Property, but only if the fee is paid to a third party (such as the Trustee) for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

24. Substitute Trustee. Lender, at its option, may from time to time remove Trustee and appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by Applicable Law.

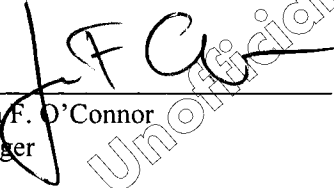
25. Request for Notices. Trustor requests that copies of the notices of default and sale be sent to Trustor's address which is the Property Address.

[Signature Page Follows]

BY SIGNING BELOW, Trustor accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Trustor and recorded with it.

Trustor:

OC-DV SKI PROPERTY, LLC,
a Utah limited liability company

By: 
Name: John F. O'Connor
Title: Manager

_____ [Space Below This Line For Acknowledgment] _____

State of NY)
)ss.:

County of NY)

On the 2th day of June in the year 2021, before me, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared John F. O'Connor, to me known, who, being duly sworn, did depose and say that he resides at 180 E. 93rd St., Apt. 2, New York, NY 10128; that he is the Manager of OC-DV Ski Property, LLC, a Utah limited liability company, the limited liability company described in and which executed the above instrument; and that he signed his name thereto on behalf of said limited liability company.


Notary Public

BRONA M. CREHAN
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01CR6396347
Qualified in Westchester County
Commission Exp. 08-19-2023

(seal)

Amy Middlekauff
Residential Real Estate Specialist

NMLS #: 1899798

Bank of America, N.A.

NMLS #: 399802

CUSTOM MORTGAGE RIDER
(TO BE RECORDED WITH SECURITY INSTRUMENT)

This Rider ("Rider") is made as of June 25, 2021, and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Deed of Trust (the "Security Instrument") of the same date given by the undersigned ("Trustor") to secure Trustor's Adjustable Rate Note ("Note") to Bank of America, N.A., a national banking association ("Lender") of the same date and covering the property described in the Security Instrument and known as or located at 7505 Sterling Drive, Unit 6, Park City, UT 84060.

Defined terms used in this Rider shall have the meaning set forth in the Security Instrument unless otherwise indicated.

ADDITIONAL COVENANTS

In addition to the covenants made in the Security Instrument, Trustor further covenants and agrees as follows:

1. Hazardous Substances. Trustor shall indemnify Lender and Trustee against, and reimburse them on demand for, any and all liabilities, costs and expenses (including without limitation reasonable fees and expenses of attorneys and other professional consultants and experts) of every kind which may be incurred by Lender or Trustee as a result of the presence of any Hazardous Substance about the Property, or the migration or release or threatened migration or release of any Hazardous Substance on, to, from or through the Property, at any time during or before Trustor's ownership of the Property, or any act, omission or event existing or occurring in connection with the handling, storage, removal or disposal of any such Hazardous Substance or any violation of any Environmental Law or the filing or imposition of any environmental lien or claim against the Property as a result of any of the above occurrences.

2. No Other Liens. Trustor will not, without the prior written consent of Lender, except as otherwise specified by applicable law, grant, suffer or permit any contractual or non-contractual lien on or security interest in the Property, except in favor of Lender, or fail to promptly pay when due all lawful claims, whether for labor, materials or otherwise. To the extent applicable law allows the creation of liens against the Property, Trustor will advise Lender in writing within ten (10) days of the creation of any such liens against the Property.

3. Financial Statements/Appraisals. Lender may at its option obtain once in each year (or as otherwise requested by Lender) an appraisal of the Property or any part thereof prepared in accordance with written instructions from Lender by a third party appraiser engaged directly by Lender if any of the following occur as determined by Lender in its sole discretion: (a) a Default has occurred and is continuing; (b) an adverse change has occurred in real estate market conditions in the area where the Property is located; (c) an appraisal is required or recommended by bank examiners and/or auditors or pursuant to banking regulations or bank policy then in effect; or (d) an adverse change has occurred in the financial condition of Trustor. Each such appraiser and appraisal shall be satisfactory to Lender. To the extent not prohibited by applicable law, the cost of each such appraisal shall be payable by Trustor to Lender on demand (which obligation Trustor hereby promises to pay). Without limitation of other or additional requirements in any of the other Loan Documents, Trustor will furnish to Lender, in form and detail satisfactory to Lender, a financial statement of Trustor no later than thirty (30) days after written request therefor by Lender. Each financial statement submitted pursuant to this section shall be certified in writing as true and correct by Trustor. Trustor will furnish to Lender at Trustor's expense all evidence which Lender may from time to time reasonably request as to compliance with all provisions of the Note, Security Instrument as supplemented by this Rider, and any other documents provided by Trustor to Lender or executed in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note (collectively the "Loan Documents").

4. Effective as Financing Statement. The Security Instrument shall be effective as a financing statement filed as a fixture filing with respect to all fixtures included within the Property and is to be filed for record in the real estate records of each city or county where the Property (including said fixtures) is situated.

5. Construction Mortgage. The Security Instrument constitutes a "Construction Mortgage" as defined in the Uniform Commercial Code adopted by the jurisdiction in which the Property is located to the extent that it secures an obligation incurred for the construction of improvements including the acquisition cost of the land.

6. No Liability of Trustee. The Trustee, where applicable, shall not be liable for any error or act done by Trustee in good faith, or be otherwise responsible or accountable under any circumstances whatsoever (including Trustee's negligence), except for Trustee's gross negligence or willful misconduct. Trustor will reimburse Trustee for, and save him harmless against, any and all liability and expenses which may be incurred by him in the performance of his duties. The foregoing indemnity shall not terminate upon discharge of the Secured Indebtedness or foreclosure, or release or other termination of the Security Instrument.

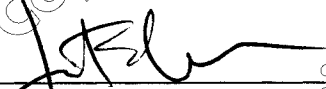
7. Entire Agreement; Further Assurances. The Loan Documents constitute the entire understanding and agreement between Trustor and Lender with respect to the transactions arising in connection with the indebtedness secured hereby and supersede all prior written or oral understandings and agreements between Trustor and Lender with respect to the matters addressed in the Loan Documents. Trustor will, promptly on Lender's request, execute, deliver, procure and/or file such further documents, and take such further action as is necessary, desirable or proper to carry out more effectively the purposes of the Loan Documents, to correct any defect in the Loan Documents, or to more fully identify and subject to the Security Instrument any property intended to be covered by the Security Instrument.

[Signature Page Follows]

By signing below Trustor accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Rider.

Trustor:

OC-DV SKI PROPERTY, LLC,
a Utah limited liability company

By: 
Name: John F. O'Connor
Title: Manager


[Space Below This Line For Acknowledgment]

State of NY)

)ss.:

County of NY

On the 25th day of June in the year 2021, before me, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared John F. O'Connor, to me known, who, being duly sworn, did depose and say that he resides at 180 E. 93rd St., Apt. 2, New York, NY 10128; that he is the Manager of OC-DV Ski Property, LLC, a Utah limited liability company, the limited liability company described in and which executed the above instrument; and that he signed his name thereto on behalf of said limited liability company.



Notary Public

BRONA M. CREHAN
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01CR6396347
Qualified in Westchester County
Commission Exp. 08-19-2023

(seal)

PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT RIDER
(TO BE RECORDED WITH SECURITY INSTRUMENT)

This PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT RIDER (this "Rider") is made as of June 25, 2021, and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Deed of Trust (the "Security Instrument") of the same date, given by the undersigned ("Trustor") to secure Borrower's Adjustable Rate Note (the "Note") to Bank of America, N.A., a national banking association ("Lender"), dated June 25, 2021, and covering the property described in the Security Instrument, which currently has the address of 7505 Sterling Drive, Unit 6, Park City, UT 84060.

Defined terms used in this Rider shall have the meaning set forth in the Security Instrument unless otherwise indicated.

The Property includes, but is not limited to, a parcel of land improved with a dwelling, together with other such parcels and certain common areas and facilities, as described in:

The Property is a part of a planned unit development (the "PUD"). The Property also includes Trustor's interest in the homeowners association or equivalent entity owning or managing the common areas and facilities of the PUD (the "Owners Association") and the uses, benefits and proceeds of Trustor's interest.

PUD COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Trustor and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

A. **PUD Obligations.** Trustor shall perform all of Trustor's obligations under the PUD's Constituent Documents. The "Constituent Documents" are the: (i) declaration creating the PUD; (ii) articles of incorporation, trust instrument or any equivalent document which creates the Owners Association; and (iii) any by-laws or other rules or regulations of the Owners Association. Trustor shall promptly pay, when due, all dues and assessments imposed pursuant to the Constituent Documents.

B. **Hazard Insurance.** So long as the Owners Association maintains, with a generally accepted insurance carrier, a "master" or "blanket" policy insuring the Property which is satisfactory to Lender and which provides insurance coverage in the amounts, for the periods, and against the hazards Lender requires, including fire and hazards included within the term of extended coverages, then:

- (i) Lender waives the provision in the Section 3 of the Security Instrument for the monthly payment to Lender of one-twelfth of the yearly premium installments for hazard insurance on the Property; and
- (ii) Trustor's obligation under Section 5 of the Security Instrument to maintain hazard insurance coverage on the Property is deemed satisfied to the extent that the required coverage is provided by the Owners Association policy.
- (iii) Trustor shall give Lender prompt notice of any lapse in required hazard insurance coverage provided by the master or blanket policy.

In the event of a distribution of hazard insurance proceeds in lieu of restoration or repair following a loss to the Property, or to common areas and facilities of the PUD, any proceeds payable to Trustor are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender. Lender shall apply the proceeds to the sums secured by the Security Instrument, with any excess paid to Trustor.

C. **Public Liability Insurance.** Trustor shall take such actions as may be reasonable to insure the Owners Association maintains a public liability insurance policy acceptable in form, amount, and extent of coverage to Lender.

D. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, payable to Trustor in connection with any condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property or the common areas and facilities of the PUD, or for any conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender. Such proceeds shall be applied by Lender to the sums secured by the Security Instrument as provided in Section 11 of the Security Instrument.

E. Lender's Prior Consent. Trustor shall not, except after notice to Lender and with Lender's prior written consent, either partition or subdivide the Property or consent to:

(1) the abandonment or termination of the PUD, except for abandonment or termination required by law in the case of substantial destruction by fire or other casualty or in the case of a taking by condemnation or eminent domain;

(2) any amendment to any provision of the "Constituent Documents" if the provision is for the express benefit of Lender; termination of professional management and assumption of self-management of the Owners Association; or

(3) any action which would have the effect of rendering the public liability insurance coverage maintained by the Owners Association unacceptable to Lender.

F. Remedies. If Trustor does not pay PUD dues and assessments when due, then Lender may pay them. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph F shall become additional debt of Trustor secured by the Security Instrument. Unless Trustor and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Trustor requesting payment.

[Signature Page Follows]

RENTAL/INVESTMENT PROPERTY RIDER
(TO BE RECORDED WITH SECURITY INSTRUMENT)

THIS RENTAL/INVESTMENT PROPERTY RIDER is made as of June 25, 2021, and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Deed of Trust (the "Security Instrument") of the same date given by the undersigned ("Trustor") to secure Trustor's Adjustable Rate Note ("Note") to Bank of America, N.A., a national banking association ("Lender") of the same date and covering the property described in the Security Instrument and known as or located at 7505 Sterling Drive, Unit 6, Park City, UT 84060.

Defined terms used in this Rider shall have the meaning set forth in the Security Instrument unless otherwise indicated.

In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Trustor and Lender further covenant and agree that Uniform Covenant 6 of the Security Instrument is deleted and is replaced by the following:

6. Occupancy and Use: Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Trustor's Loan Application; Leaseholds. Trustor certifies that the Property shall be used as rental and/or investment property. Trustor shall not destroy, damage or impart the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Trustor shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security instrument or Lender's security interest. Trustor may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in Paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Trustor's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Trustor shall also be in default if Trustor, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Trustor shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Trustor acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

[Signature Page Follows]

